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The Bombay Gazette

No. 10,880—New Series. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1883.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

QUARANTINE AT EGYPTIAN AND CONTINENTAL PORTS.

ARRANGEMENTS have been made for PASSING the Company's steamers THROUGH THE SUEZ CANAL in QUARANTINE, thus avoiding any detention in Egypt.

The HOMEWARD MAILS are now being landed at VENICE, but the Quarantine which is still imposed at this and all other Continental Ports, PREVENTS the landing of PASSENGERS, and the QUICKEST route by which they can reach England is to proceed to PLYMOUTH DIRECT.

The passages of the steamers will continue to be accelerated as much as possible. The last four steamers have made the voyage from Bombay to Plymouth in 23 days. Until the Continental route is again open, passengers taking three-monthly Return Tickets will be allowed an extension of a fortnight, if required.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

Bombay, 9th August, 1883.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains	1883.
L. ASSAM	3088	500	S. F. Cole	...12th Oct.
— LOMBARDY	2726	600	W. H. Mudie	...19th "
L. ROSETTA	3092	600	G. W. Brady	...26th "
— GWALIOR	2733	500	M. de Horne	...2nd Nov.
L. CLYDE	4124	750	E. M. Edmond	...9th "
— SURAT	3142	550	C. R. Edwards	...16th "
L. MIRZAPORE	3937	600	G. G. Perrin	...23rd "
— VENETIA	2726	500	A. B. Daniell	...30th "

A steam-barge will leave the Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, at 3 p.m., on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, and TRIESTE, by every Mail, and to MARSEILLES by every alternate Mail.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London calling at Plymouth. By the others passengers change vessels at Suez.

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	On 1883.
NEPAUL	3536	600	H. Wall	...19th Oct.
KAISAR-I-HIND	4023	700	E. G. Stead	...2nd Nov.
PEKIN	3900	600	A. Symons	...16th "
RYDAL PEAK	3985	500	G. Scrivener	...30th "

Return Tickets are now issued at greatly reduced rates to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.

Bombay, September 10, 1883.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO & RUBATTINO'S
UNITED COMPANIES
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH THE ITALIAN GOVERNMENT.)

THE Regular Mail-steamers leave GENOA and on the 21th of each month, calling at BOMBAY on the 1st LEGHORN, NAPLES, MESSINA, CATANIA, PORT SAID, SUEZ, ADEN and vice versa.

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY

To all Ports of Italy.		To Marseilles.	
I Class ..Rs 600 }	Including	I Class ..Rs 520 }	Including
II do..... 350 }	wines.	II do..... 350 }	wines.
III do..... 120 }	With food.	III do..... 155 }	With food.

Children under 3 years, free; under 10 years, half fare. Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand-books.

A discount of 35, 20, and 10 per cent. is allowed to Passengers returning within three, six and twelve months respectively from the date of LANDING.

The following or other first-class Steamers will leave Bombay:—

MANILLA, on Thursday ..... 1st Nov., 1883.
CHINA, on Saturday ..... 1st Dec., 1883.

Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board, free of charge, by the Company's steam launch, leaving Apollo-bunder between 10 and 11 a.m.

Through Railway Tickets to London, available for 91 days.

From Genoa, I Class Calais Route, Rs 95 Brighton Route Rs 90
" Naples, I do. do. .. 75 do. .. 80
" Brindisi, I do. do. .. 145 do. .. 160
" Venice, I do. do. .. 105 do. .. 120

For Hand-books of Information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.

Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

Bombay, September 7, 1883.

CIE NATIONALE DE NAVIGATION.
REGULAR MONTHLY STEAMERS TO MARSEILLES.

THE new first-class steamer CHANDERNAGOR, 2,700 tons register, 450 horse-power, will LEAVE BOMBAY for MARSEILLES direct on the 10th Oct. She carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

First class to Marseilles, Rs. 300 including wines.
Children under 3 years, free. Under 10, half fare.
The Railway fares from Marseilles to London are as follows:—

Via Calais and Dover (Mail)..... 1st class £ 7 5 0
Via Dieppe ..... 1st class ,, 5 15 1

Passengers' heavy luggage will be delivered in London free of charge to the extent allowed by the passage ticket.

For further particulars, apply to

RALLI BROTHERS,
Agents.

Bombay, 21st June, 1883.

ANCHOR LINE.

INDIAN SERVICE BETWEEN BOMBAY, LIVERPOOL AND MEDITERRANEAN.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Name.	Tons.	H.P.	Comdr.	Sailing About 1883.
s.s. HISPANIA	3,189	420	James Laird.	11th Oct.
s.s. NUBIA	3,553	480	T. G. Knox	22nd "
s.s. PERSIA	4,500	600	R. Hutchinson	2nd Nov.
s.s. ARMENIA	3,395	480	G. H. Read	13th "
s.s. VICTORIA	3,242	480	John Craig	3rd Dec.

BOMBAY TO MEDITERRANEAN.

Name.	Tons.	H. P.	Comdr.	Sailing About 1883.
s.s. ALSATIA	2,790	780	E. Griffiths	22nd Nov.

To be followed by other 1st class steamers at regular intervals.

For the convenience of *Indian* passengers an Agency has been opened at 8, Regent St., London, S.W.

For rates of passage and further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, 6th Sept., 1883.

THE ANCHOR LINE s. s. NUBIA has ARRIVED from LIVERPOOL and is discharging in the Prince's Dock.

CONSIGNEES are requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature and to take delivery of their goods without delay.

CONSIGNEES of packages exceeding in weight 30 cwt. are requested to SEND BOATS alongside to TAKE DELIVERY of their cargo, which will otherwise be landed on the quay at their risk and expense.

All damaged goods must be surveyed before removal from the dock, otherwise no claim will be admitted.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 9th October, 1883.

NEW COALING STATION at PERIM HARBOUR, on the Island of Perim, in the Straits of Bab-el-Mandeb.

BEST CARDIFF COAL SUPPLIED, with despatch, on the shortest notice, and on the most favourable Aden terms and prices. Ships desiring to coal should fly a red flag at the foremast head by day, or burn two blue lights forward at night. Pilots, if wanted, will be supplied free of charge.

THE PERIM COAL CO., Ld.,
FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 2nd October, 1883.

THE BOMBAY AND PERSIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND for the year ending 31st December, 1882, of Rs. 50 per Share (being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum) has been declared and made payable on and after MONDAY, the 15th October, 1883, to Shareholders whose names were on the Company's Register on the 31st December, 1882.

Shareholders are requested to produce their Certificates when applying for the Dividend Warrants.

By Order,
ABDOOL HOOSEN HAJEE ZENAL ABADIN SHERAZEE,
Agent.

Bombay, Sept. 21, 1883.

NOTICE OF SALE OF IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY.

WHEREAS THUCKER KESOWJEE JADOWJEE, of Bombay, hath CONTRACTED TO SELL and DISPOSE OF ABSOLUTELY the two several BUNGALOWS and PREMISES situate on the Malabar Hill, in Bombay, and hereunder more particularly described. ALL PERSONS having or claiming to have any SHARE or INTEREST whatever in the said properties, or any right, title, estate, claim or demand whatsoever therein or thereto, are hereby requested to make the same known to us as all moys for the purchaser WITHIN FOURTEEN DAYS from this date, failing which the contract will be completed without reference to such claim or claims, if any.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.

FIRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of fazendari ground situate on the Malabar Hill, on the west side of Ridge-road, containing by admeasurement 6,182 7-9 square yards, and assessed by the Collector of Pension and Tax under No. 973, with the bungalow, outhouses, and all other premises standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 140, and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on the east by the said Ridge road, on the west by the property secondly hereinafter described, on the north by the property of Nowrojee Huttonjee Cooper, and on the south by property belonging to Mr. Tapidass Vurujdass, and which said bungalow is now in the occupation of Lt. Col. E. Ostrehan.

SECONDLY.—All that piece or parcel of fazendari ground situate on the Malabar Hill, on the western side of the said Ridge-road, containing by admeasurement 8,199 1-9 square yards, and assessed by the Collector of Pension and Tax under No. 572, together with the Bungalow, outhouses and all other the premises standing thereon, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 139, and bounded as follows—that is to say, on or towards the east by the property firstly above described, on the west by public road, on the north partly by the property of [illegible] and partly by public road, and on the south partly by the property belonging to Messrs. W. and [illegible] and partly by the said Bungalow and [illegible] the possession of Col. Brown.—

[illegible] GILBERT,
[illegible]'s Attorneys

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CHANDA," 2,022 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 10th October, 1883, at 4 p.m., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Calicut, Beypore, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Madras, Cocconada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopaulpore and False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PUNJAUB," 1,080 tons, on TUESDAY, 16th October, 1883, at 4 p. m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. "PACHUMBA," 868 tons, on SATURDAY, 13th October, 1883, at 10 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

S. S. "JAVA," 1,465 tons, on THURSDAY, 11th October, 1883.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 9th October, 1883. Agents.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.,
BOMBAY.
WATCHMAKERS TO THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

IMPORTANT TO SHIP CAPTAINS.

Chronometers Cleaned,
Chronometers Repaired,
Chronometers Rated,*
Chronometers given on Hire,†
Sextants Adjusted
Index and Horizon Glasses Re-silvered.
Agates Replaced in Compasses.
Barometer Tubes Replaced,
&c., &c.

Only the most experienced and thoroughly competent European Assistants employed in this branch, and all Repairs executed by us are guaranteed to be equal to best London workmanship.

* We take our Rates from an Astronomical Regulator of the highest standard, giving a mean variation of 1,4 seconds per month.

† A few thoroughly reliable instruments with splendid Rates always ready for delivery.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MOROCCO LEATHER.

COURIER OR MONEY BAGS,

WITH the latest improvements, in Locks and Straps.

6 Inches .....Rs 11 0 Cash
7 " ..... 12 8 "
8 " ..... 13 8 "

TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BEEF PEPTONOIDS,

A PARTIALLY digested BEEF EXTRACT, combined with gluten and containing all the nutritious properties of Beef in the concentrated form of a dry powder. The contents of each bottle are estimated to be equal in nutritious value to ten pounds of Extract of Beef prepared according to Liebig's formula.

Per bottle, Cash Rs. 3.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

FINE BORDEAUX CLARET,

Bottled, Capsuled, and Labelled under PRACTICAL EUROPEAN SUPERVISION at Treacher & Company's Wine Cellars, Byculla. Unquestionably the best value in India.

In cases of 1 dozen—Cash Rs. 10.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S FAMOUS BLENDED GLENLIVET WHISKY

HAS been before the public of India for many years and in every quality, for which SCOTCH WHISKY is celebrated, stands without a rival.

Cash per dozen, case Rs. 22-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

BEST ELECTRO-PLATED TEA AND COFFEE SERVICES,
COMPRISING
Coffee Pot, Tea Pot, Covered Sugar Basin and Cream Jug.
From Rs. 58 to Rs. 175.

BACHELOR'S MINIATURE SETS.
From Rs. 31-8 to Rs. 125, Cash.

FAMILY SERVICES.
From Rs. 150 to Rs. 250, Cash.
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE
Of every description on sale by
TREACHER AND Co., Limited.

HINDUSTANI TRANSLATION of the MAIWAND COURTS-MARTIAL, appears in the *Urdu Instructor* in every number. The *Urdu Instructor* and the *Persian Teacher* are published monthly Rs. 10 and 3 per annum respectively. 100 Hindustani Petitions in both the characters; each with a vocabulary; for the Higher Standard Rs. 2.—G. M. MUNSHI, Bombay, S. E.

ROBB'S NURSERY BISCUITS

ARE in use in every Royal Nursery in Europe. They are without doubt the best sustenance for Children recently weaned. Fresh shipments constantly received.

Rs. 2-4 per Tin.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

EQUATORIAL HAIR-DOUCHE

IMPARTS unspeakable comfort and a sense of refinement to the Toilet, refreshes the Brain, and counteracts the depressing influences of Hot Weather.

Bottle Re. 1-8 and Rs. 2-8.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

MELLIN'S PATENT FOOD
FORMS A PERFECT SUBSTITUTE FOR MOTHER'S MILK.

It is also the best food for the prostrated digestion of Invalids.

Fresh supplies are constantly arriving and good condition guaranteed.

Per bottle, 14 As. and Rs. 1-8.
Per dozen, Rs. 10-8 and Rs. 18.

KEMP & CO., Ld.,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

KEMP'S
FINE OLD WHISKIES.

		per doz.
SCOTCH	THE "EDINA." This celebrated spirit is never exported till it has been five years in blend. It has then a gentle homogeneous fragrance such as none but the choicest Scotch spirits possess	Rs. 24
IRISH..	THE "OLD HEAD." *Four stars.* This is a sister spirit to the "Edina," blended with the utmost care, and kept five years before bottling. Its bouquet is full and soft	Rs. 26
	THE "OLD HEAD." *Three Stars.* The same Whisky as the above, but blended *three* years before bottling. It is scarcely inferior to the four star. Flavour mellow; bouquet very grateful	Rs. 24

The above Spirits in point of quality challenge competition. They are not Whiskies "for the million."

KEMP & CO., Limited,
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A CARD.

MR. JOHN WILSON

HAS the honour to announce his RETURN from EUROPE and AMERICA, after a six months' trip, during which time he has engaged some of the

GREATEST NOVELTIES OF THE AGE,

And to notify to the public that he is building on the MAIDAN, OPPOSITE BOREE BUNDER STATION, a new and commodious THEATRE, to be called the

EDEN THEATRE;

due notice of the opening of which will be announced in advertisements of THURSDAY next, on which occasion he will introduce

MDME. EMMELINE NICOLO,

the charming prestadigateur and most marvellous illusionist of the age, who will have the honour of submitting her

SPECIAL BUDGET OF WONDERS

as performed throughout the length and breadth of EUROPE and AMERICA, and recently by special desire before PRESIDENT GREVY AND SUITE AT PARIS. Special attention is called to the engagement of the wondrous LURLINE,

THE EMPRESS OF THE WATERS,

who has been retained by Mr. Wilson for an extended tour to Bombay, Calcutta, Australia and New Zealand, and who will nightly appear in her

MARVELLOUS NATATORY FEATS
IN THE
CRYSTAL AQUARIUM,

as performed by her before the Crowned Heads of Europe and recently by Royal Command before

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,
AT
MARLBOROUGH HOUSE.

Lurline during the past six years has appeared in every city throughout EUROPE and AMERICA, being enthusiastically received as the

GREATEST PHENOMENON OF THE AGE
AND
TENTH WONDER OF THE WORLD.

(See Thursday's Advertisements.)

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, CALCUTTA.
NOTICE.

A MEETING of the GENERAL COMMITTEE nominated by Government for the purpose of ensuring an adequate representation of the products of the Bombay Presidency at the International Exhibition, to be held in Calcutta in December next, will be held in the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce (Graham's Buildings) on MONDAY next, the 15th instant, at 4-30 p.m.

By Order of the President,
J. GORDON,
Honorary Secretary.

Bombay, 9th October, 1883.

ENGLISH NEWSPAPERS
BY
TO-DAY'S OVERLAND MAIL.

Army and Navy Gazette.	Mail (Thrice a week).
Bird o'Freedom.	Overland Mail.
Broad Arrow.	Public Opinion.
Field.	Punch.
Figaro.	Reynolds' News.
Fun.	Saturday Review.
Graphic.	Sporting Life.
Illustrated London News.	Standard.
Illustrated Police News.	Sporting Times.
Judy.	Week y Irish Times.
Lloyd's Weekly.	Whitehall Review.
Life.	

COOPER AND COMPANY,
BOMBAY and POONA.

NOTICE.

THE NATIONAL SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY OF INDIA, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held at the Mill premises, Soparecbaug, Parell, on SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3-30 p. m., to transact the following business:—

1. To receive the Directors' Report and audited Balance Sheet made up to 30th June, 1883.
2. To declare a dividend.
3. To elect directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but who are eligible for re-election.
4. To appoint auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
JEHANGHIR HORMUSJEE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers, and Agents.

Bombay, 9th October, 1883.

N.B.—The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 12th to 20th instant, both days inclusive.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, a very commodious and airy RESIDENCE in Elphinstone Circle. For further particulars, apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from 1st November, a commodious upper-storied BUNGALOW on Victoria Road, Byculla, at present occupied by Muncherjee Framjee Cama, Esq. Apply to

E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, ROBERTSON'S BUNGALOW at Matheran, well situated.

Together well situated Houses at Matheran, the Folly and Keepers. Just newly furnished.

For a complete list of Matheran houses, plans and other particulars, apply to

F. W. FLOWER,
House Agent.

4, Hummum Street.

KEMP & CO., Limited,
WHOLESALE CHEMISTS
AND
MANUFACTURERS,
SHIPPERS OF INDIAN DRUGS.
(Prize Medal 1873.)

GENERAL AND WHOLESALE PRICE LISTS FURNISHED ON RECEIPT OF CARD.

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

COMPOUND ESSENCE OF
INDIAN BAEL-FRUIT.

A NEW but specific and unfailing remedy for acute and chronic Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and Bowel Complaints. It is chiefly composed of Indian Bael-Fruit Essence and other Medicines recommended for the cure of these Diseases.

Per bottle As. 8, 14, and Re. 1-8.

B. S. MADON AND CO.,
FORT, BOMBAY.

ALBAN WHISKY,
(Bottled in England,)

IS agreeable, and of full flavour, never imported before in India, selected by a well-known Wine Merchant House of London.

Per Dozen, R 24.

B. S. MADON AND CO.,
6, HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

B. S. MADON AND CO.
HAVE JUST UNPACKED
PEPPER'S SULPHOLINE LOTION.
Price Re. 1-12.

PEPPER'S PODOPHYLLIN AND TARAXACUM.
Price Re. 1-12.

MELLIN'S FOOD.

Small Bottles	Re. 0 14
Large Bottles	,, 1 8

ROOKE'S ELIXIR.
Price Rs. 3.

HUNYADI JANOS WATER.
As. 14 and Re. 1-4 per bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S ELECTRIC BRUSHES
And other goods of similar kind.

GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER.
Packets containing 500 sheets each, Re. 1-4.

SILK STOCKINGS, KNEE-CAPS, ABDOMINAL BELTS, &c.

SMELLING SALT-BOTTLES,
From As. 8 to Rs. 5.

SPONGES AND SPONGE BAGS.

OZONE PAPERS AND CIGARETTES.

Price Lists of other goods sent free on application.

B. S. MADON AND CO.,
MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
6, HUMMUM-STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

TREACHER AND COMPANY, LD.

DRAWING INSTRUMENTS.

CASES BRASS INSTRUMENTS.
CASES ELECTRUM INSTRUMENTS.
SPARE INSTRUMENTS. HALF SETS.
BOWS. DIVIDERS. PROTEACTORS.
PROPORTIONAL COMPASSES.
BEAM and POCKET COMPASSES.
ARCHITECTS' and BUILDERS' SCALES.
ENGINEERS' and TRIANGULAR SCALES.
PARALLEL and POCKET RULES.
STRAIGHT EDGES. TEE SQUARES.
CURVES. SET SQUARES.
DRAWING BOARDS. STENCIL PLATES.

SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS.

THEODOLITES.
LEVELS. LEVELLING STAVES.
CLINOMETERS. SEXTANTS.
PRISMATIC COMPASSES.
MAGNETIC COMPASSES.
DUMPY LEVELS.
OPTICAL SQUARES.
CROSS STAFF HEADS.
METALLIC TAPES.
LAND CHAINS and ARROWS.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

WATER COLOURS, in CAKES, PANS, and TUBES.
PAPERS. BOOKS. BLOCKS.
TRACING PAPERS, and CLOTH.
SABLE and CAMEL-HAIR BRUSHES.
PENCILS. CRAYONS. SAUCERS. SLANTS.
OIL COLOURS. In COLLAPSIBLE TUBES.
COLOUR BOXES. CANVAS.
PAPER MILLBOARDS. PANELS
SABLE and HOG-HAIR BRUSHES.
VARNISHES. OILS. MEDIA.

AND EVERY OTHER REQUISITES.

ILLUSTRATED PRICED CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS!

WE have just received a splendid assortment of these well-known CHEROOTS in good condition. Prices as follows, in boxes of 100:—

Thompson's	Re. 1 12	Noble's	Rs. 1 12
Dawson's	,, 1 12	Havannahs	,, 2 0
Rogers' Manillas	,, 1 12		

B. PHILLIPS & CO.,
17, CHURCH-GATE-STREET,
BOMBAY,
AND
TEMPLE HOUSE, POONA.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
OF LONDON AND BORDEAUX.

Business Founded in Europe in 1815: India, 1842.

Our Stocks cannot be conveniently enumerated in one Advertisement.
We are Agents for several large Houses in our Trade, their Consignments we specially advertise.
Our Prices include *Duty & Dues, on these* we charge no profit, consequently discount thereon is precluded
Our Rates of Discount are most liberal for Cash.

CLARETS.

Our Own Shipping.			
MEDOC, Rs. 14 0.	ST. ESTEPHE, Rs. 16 8.	ST. JULIEN, Rs. 22 0.	CHATEAU LAROSE, Rs. 24 0.
CHATEAU RAUZAN, Rs. 30 0.		CHATEAU LAFITTE, Rs. 36 0.	

Half-Bottles or Pints, Rs. 2 per two dozen extra.

CHAMPAGNES.

"ROYAL CHARTER," WACHTER'S Shipping, Rs. 58 0.	FINEST EXTRA DRY, Our Own Shipping, Rs. 56 0.	CARTE BLANCHE, "SIBADEY BRAND," Rs. 34 0.
**** Rs. 39 0.	Our Own Shipping. **** Rs. 3[illegible]	CO[illegible]

FINEST SCOTCH HIGHLAND MALT
Our Own Shipping,
Rs. 24 0.

LIM[illegible]

We have, at the instance of se[illegible]
Cordial which is non-alcoholic and a [illegible]
The pric[illegible]

CUTLER, PA[illegible]

ESTABLISHED 1866.

FAVRE, LEUBA & CO.

WATCHMAKERS TO THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY,

OPPOSITE THE GENERAL POST-OFFICE.

IMPORTANT TO SHIP CAPTAINS.

Chronometers cleaned.
Chronometers repaired.
Chronometers rated.*
Chronometers supplied on hire.†
Sextants adjusted.
Index and Horizon Glasses re-silvered.
Agates in Compasses re-placed.
Barometers repaired, and glass tubes re-placed, &c., &c.

Only the most experienced European Assistants are employed in this branch, and we guarantee all repairs executed by us to be equal to the best London workmanship.

* We take our observations from an astronomical Regulator of the highest Standard giving a mean variation of 1, 4 seconds per month; checked weekly with the time-ball.

Our charge for rating a Chronometer is the same as the Observatory's—Rs. 5. We undertake to send for Chronometers on board and to return them on board with the greatest possible care.

† A few thoroughly reliable instruments with splendid rates always ready for delivery.

THE CASH BAZAAR, LIMITED.

PURE INDIAN TEAS,
PURE INDIAN TEAS,
PURE INDIAN TEAS,

GROWN AT 7,000 FEET ELEVATION, CHOWKOOREE ESTATE, KUMAON.
THE BEST TEA EVER IMPORTED TO BOMBAY AND POONA.

UNSURPASSED FOR BOUQUET AND AROMA.

Regularly supplied to Government Houses, N.-W. Provinces and Madras, and a host of Nobilities, Clubs and Messes.

PRICES.

Chowkooree Mixture	... ...	Rs.	0 13 per lb.
Proprietor's Own Choice	... ...	,,	1 3 ,,
Orange Pekoe	... ...	,,	1 4 ,,
N.-W. P. Government House Mixture	... ...	,,	1 6 ,,
Extra Choice Orange Pekoe	... ...	,,	1 8 ,,

The CASH BAZAAR, Ld., have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for these high class Teas and receiving them direct from the Gardens, are able to offer the above at the VERY LOW RATES quoted, which is altogether out of proportion to their acknowledged excellence.

Once you try these Teas, you will be convinced of their superiority and will never partake of any other.

In order to suit the convenience of our customers we have had them made in 1 lb. packets

Orders from up-country must be accompanied by remittance or will be sent by value payable parcel.

THE CASH BAZAAR, Ld.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.
INDIAN TEA EMPORIUM.

WITH a view to EXTEND their TEA business and afford increased facility to consumers [illegible] Co. beg to notify to their numerous constituents and the public in general that their respective business is now carried on JOINTLY to MORTON and Co. and M. H. MAJU and Co., M. H. MAJU & CO.'S TEA EMPORIUM, No. 22, Church-gate-street, Fort, Bombay.

MORTON, MAJU AND CO.
EN ROUTE TO EUROPE.

ASQUITH and LORD supply every necessary in GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING for a voyage home or a journey up-country. GENTLEMEN arriving in, or departing from BOMBAY, will do well to pay their WELL-KNOWN WAREHOUSE a visit. They will find each DEPARTMENT under EUROPEAN SUPERVISION and may rely on punctuality in the execution of all orders entrusted to their care.

ASQUITH AND LORD,
GENERAL OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE B. I. S. N. CO.'S S. S. CANARA arrived from LONDON on 7th instant, is discharging her cargo in Prince's Dock.

CONSIGNEES of PACKAGES exceeding 30 cwt. are requested to SEND BOATS alongside to TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO, which otherwise will, as it comes to hand, be landed on the dock quay at consignee's risk and expense.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, B. I. S. N. Co.

Bombay, 8th Oct. 1883.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

MEETINGS of the CORPORATION called for 8th instant, but not held for want of quorum of Members, will be held here on WEDNESDAY, 10th instant, as under:—(1) SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING (previously adjourned from 1st instant), at 3 p.m.; (2) ditto (ditto from 21st ultimo), at 3-5 p.m.; (3) ditto (ditto from 31st August last) at 3-10 p. m.

H. WINFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation; and Secry., Town Council.

Bombay, Municipal Offices, 9th October, 1883.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

THE daily increasing sale of the SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES is a sufficient proof of their superiority over all others. The entire satisfaction they give enhances their sale every year innumerably. Sale in 1882—603,293. For cash or on hire. Price lists post free, 2, Church Gate-street, Bombay.

COMFORTABLE PHAETONS and TONGA DAWKS for Mahableshwar ready laid, at very moderate rates. Peroshaw Burjorjee, Proprietor, Poona.

P. RATANJEE, WATCHMAKER, specially recommends his SILVER HUNTING KEYLESS LEVER WATCH with gold crown for gentlemen, a very reliable watch suitable for India. Price Rs. 40, with guarantee for two years. No. 10, Forbes-street, Fort, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED, a fresh stock of PURE DARJEELING TEA, from the Gree Gong Estate, Re.1-8 per lb. packet. Sole agents, HARTON & Co., Bombay.

[illegible]ART with HOOD and set of HAR[illegible]OR SALE. Rs. 200. Apply C., this office.

[illegible]LL'S Yorkshire Relish [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.

LESSEES .....Messrs. NORVILLE & FERRELL.
STAGE MANAGER.....Mr. J. B. FERRELL.
MUSICAL DIRECTOR ..Herr J. S. COLONNA.
SCENIC ARTIST.....Herr MAURICE FREYBERGER.

TO-NIGHT,
WEDNESDAY, 10TH OCTOBER,
T. W. ROBERTSON'S GREAT COMEDY,
CASTE.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY,
The celebrated Screen Scene from
THE SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL,
AND
BROWN AND THE BRAHMINS,
Burlesque.

SATURDAY,
Burlesque,
FRA DIAVOLO.
NEW TOPICAL SONGS!
NEW DANCES!!
LOCAL HITS!!!

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.

Orchestra Stalls may be reserved and Boxes secured at Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Ld., where a plan is now open.

GEO. NORVILLE,
Business Manager.

NOTICES.

LANOLI ANNUAL MASONIC BALL, under the patronage of the Officers and Brethren of LODGE BARTON, No. 475 S. C., will take place in Lanoli Decoration and Reading Rooms on MONDAY, the 29th October.

Tickets, to admit one gentleman and two ladies, Rs. 7 each, can be had on application to the undersigned.

D. NEWALL,
Honorary Secretary, Ball Committee.

BAY ARAB PONY, 13-2, rising 7, perfect polo pony, up to weight, Rs. 400.

BAY ARAB PONY, 13-2, 5 years, very good polo pony up to weight, Rs. 350.

[illegible] competition [illegible] testimonials, to THACKERSEY [illegible] Hummum-street.

LOST, on Sunday last, black RETRIEVER SLUT; white spot on chest. Answers to "Veera." Any person making her over to "IXION," Imperial Hotel, will be rewarded.

FOR SALE, a splendid Jafferabad BUFFALO, one week calved. Gives over 14 seers of milk daily. Sold because the owner is proceeding to the Hills. Price Rs. 150. Apply to L. R. H. E., office of this paper.

FOR SALE, FRENCH TILES of the most approved pattern and workmanship, offering great solidity and considerable economy over any tiles used in India. Apply B. & A. HORMARJEE, Elphinstone Circle.

WANTED, a BOOK-KEEPER well versed in accounts and able to conduct correspondence. Salary from Rs. 75 to Rs. 100 per month. Apply to "OMEGA," care of this office, on or before the 13th instant, enclosing copy of testimonials and stating references.

WANTED, a MAID-SERVANT, on the 1st November, to accompany a lady to England in February next, must be thoroughly respectable and able to take charge of infant. If suitable, would be retained to return to India in November next. Apply by letter M. S. W., care of Messrs. Grindlay, Groom & Co., Bombay, with copies of testimonials.

THE CHAMPION CUE, as used by Roberts, Cooke and all the best players, can only be had from JOHN ROBERTS, Jr., & Co., Limited.

FANCY ANGOLA, Tweeds, Cheviots, &c., for Trousers. Blue and Black Diagonal Homespuns, Serges, &c., for Suits and Coats.—Y. A. LACKA & Co., Tailors, Fort.

FERNANDES & Co.'s MILK OF ROSES possesses a most delightful fragrance, and the lovely clearness it imparts to the skin is perfectly astonishing.

TAILORING.—Just opened out a fine assortment of new Tweeds and Angolas, Waterproof Clothing, &c. Inspection solicited. John Mahomed & Co., 16, Meadow-str.

THE Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office amount to Six Millions Pounds Sterling and the Revenue exceeds £876,000 per annum.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1883. Price, Rs. 8; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

GLOVES.—Ladies' Tan Driving Gloves, Rs. 3-4 for 2 buttons. Gent's Tan Gloves, Rs. 3-8 for 2 buttons. These are soft and fresh. Just arrived.—Badham, Pile and Co., Limited.

LITHOGRAPHIC STONES.—Finest quality. Sizes (in inches) 15 by 21, 16 by 22

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 9.

ON the London Stock Exchange there is no alteration in the prices of the English, French or Indian Funds. In Exchange Bank shares, we find that Mercantiles have advanced to £17½—the improvement being doubtless due to the payment of a dividend, which, looking at the unfavourable results of the immediately preceding half-year, indicates that the working of the six months to 30th June must have been of an encouraging character. Orientals, £11½; Chartereds, £23; Hongkongs, £58.

In the General Produce Markets, Wheat and Seeds remain unchanged.

The Manchester Market closed strong.

The Liverpool Cotton Market yesterday closed strong; Surats firm; arrivals dull. Sales 14,000 bales, of which 2,500 bales Surats. Prices are a partial 1-16d. higher. In New York, spot Cotton has risen 1-16 cent., and "futures" ten points, the closing quotations being 10⅜ cents. for ready Middling-Uplands, and 11·03 cents. for January delivery. The figures to date are given below :—

	1883	1882	1881
Total receipts up to Saturday	509,000	495,000	625,000
Actual receipts.....	49,000	50,000	[illegible]
Two days' receipt Sept.	558,000	[illegible]	42,000
Total since 1st Jan. In London Bar	5,000	[illegible]	667,000

EXCHANGE.—Silver is still quoted at 50 15-16d. [illegible] the specie shipments of the week consist of £70,000 in Silver and £30,000 in Gold to Bombay. In consequence of the spurt in the Cotton Market, the tone for forward Mercantile Paper is rather stronger, but ready bills are weaker. We hear that three months' Credits have been placed at 1s. 7⅞d.

Bank drafts for delivery after December can be had at 1-32d. above the ready rate.

Bank Bills on Demand	1s. 7 21-32d.
Do. Telegraphic Transfer	1s. 7 19-32d.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 7 15-16d.
Credits, 3 months' sight	1s. 7⅞ to 1 7 29-32d.
Francs, 3 months' sight	Fcs. 2·09½

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—Four per cents. are in [illegible]16; better request, and have advanced to Rs. 98 7-[illegible] 4½ per cents., Rs. 103.

SHARES.—Press shares are in good demand, and [illegible] business has been done in Akbars at Rs. [illegible]; Berars Alberts at Rs. 1,185; Apollos at Rs. 37[illegible] and Forts at Rs. 585 ex.-div.; Colabas at Rs. 1,200; [illegible] tendency at Rs. 2,600 ex.-div. In mill companies the [illegible]ral Indias has been downwards, and rates for Cen[illegible]825; Durham have fallen to Rs. 740; Coorlas to Rs. [illegible]650; Imperumseys to Rs. 500; Gordons to Rs. [illegible]o Rs. 1,125; rials to Rs. 550; Jewraz Balloos [illegible]to Rs. 1,020; Khandeish to Rs. 965; Khataos [illegible]at Easterns to Nationals to Rs. 980; New Gre[illegible]Prince of Wales Rs. 1,015; Orientals to Rs. 695; [illegible]975; Southern to Rs. 265; Soonderdass to Rs. [illegible]o Rs. 770. Some Indias to Rs. 510; and Victorias [illegible]ny's shares were Bombay Fire Insurance Compa[illegible]mpany's stock has sold at Rs. 3,550. Kemp and Co[illegible] declined to Rs. 329 per share.

COTTON.—Consequent on [illegible]demand here, chiefly home, there has been an active [illegible]air business has been for New Cotton, and a pretty [illegible]very in December-done in Good Bengal for deli[illegible]at Rs. 158, and Good January at Rs. 150, Fully Good at Rs. 186 per candy. Oomras for March delivery [illegible]Bhownuggur and Good Some transactions in Good [illegible]are reported at Rs. 170 Fair Dhollera on the spot [illegible]y. The local demand is and Rs. 151 respectively [illegible]d scale. We quote :—

		Per candy
Oomrawuttee,	F.G.	Rs. 178
	Good	„ 172
	F.G.F.	„ 167
Do.	F.G.	„ 178
Do.	Good	„ 171-172
Dholleras	F.G.F.	„ 165
Do.	Good	„ 152
Do.	F.G.F.	„ 151
Westerns Jaw-ginned,		„ 172
Do.		„ 150
Dharwar Machine-ginned Broach, Good		„ 214 Mar.
Comptas Oomrawuttee	Good	„ 183 „
New Bengal	Good	„ 159-151 Dec.
„		Jan.
„		

LINSEED is unchanged at Rs. 5-11 to Rs. 5-11½ per cwt.

RAPESEED.—There is a retail enquiry at the quotations of yesterday.

WHEAT continues dull, but prices are unaltered. White Pessie No. 1, Rs. 31½ to Rs. 32 per candy; Yellow, Rs. 26½ to Rs. 27; Luskari, Rs. 25½ to Rs. 26; Catha, Rs. 22½.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Preston, 1,641 tons, Captain G. B. Rooki, sailed yesterday for Portsaid with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Abyssinia, 713 tons, Captain A. Clark, will sail to-day for Persian Gulf via Kurrachee with a general cargo, and the following passengers :—Mr. Geldard, Mr. and Mrs. Gardiner, three children, and European Nurse, Revd. Mr. Lindur, Mr. and Mrs. Cooverjee Rustomjee, and 21 deck.

DEPARTURES.

Oct.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
9	Preston (s).....	Rooki	Port Said.
	Ateit Rahamon ..	Nacoda	Muscat.

The steamer Abyssinia, Clark, to Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, obtained her port clearance yesterday.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Bangalore, to China, &c.
Steamer Canara, to London via Kurrachee.
Steamer Pachumba, to K. Coast and Kurrachee.

DAILY IMPORTS.—OCTOBER 9.

FROM GLASGOW.

[illegible] cases [illegible] ginger wine, rum, and whiskey.
California 8—75 [illegible]
Jamsetjee Nov[illegible] whiskey, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
Hispania—90 cases [illegible]

FROM LIVERPOOL.

[illegible] packages brasswares, Ebrahim Mahomedally; 15 cases yellow metal sheets, Bean, Ashley and Co.; 13 cases glassware, Fazull Dossa; 10 trunks [illegible]ptoola Shaik Adum and Co; 26 boxes clocks, paint, H[illegible]njee Cursetjee; 5 packages earthenware, Morwe[illegible]ee Veerjee; 7 packages brass and copper wares, Bhan[illegible]fally Abdoolally.

FROM LONDON.

[illegible]n—10 cases matches, Tyebally Sooltanally.
[illegible]w Hall 8—1 cask glassware, Sallay Mahomed Fazull.
[illegible]lla 8—1 hogshead brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.
[illegible]andalla 8—78 cases brandy, Cutler, Palmer and Co.
Ethiopia 8—75 cases brandy, Cutler Palmer and Co.
Patna 8—6 cases champagne, the Bombay Club.
Verona 8—40 kegs white head paint, Wilkinson, Heywood, and Clark; 12 cases Worcestershire sauce and 28 packages claret, cognac brandy, &c, Cutler, Palmer and Co.; 30 cases provisions, butter, &c., &c., J. G. de Souza; 48 packages provisions, beef, port, soap, &c., W. J. Essai; 50 boxes candles, Roychund Roopchund; 34 cases provisions and cheese, Hajee Voya ina Hajee Jackeria; 250 boxes candles, Khakeebhoy Pudmaney; 56 packages paper, Abdoolally Abdoolrehim; 150 cases beer, Jamsetjee Nowrojee.

FROM ANTWERP.

Verona 8—20 packages glassware, Ludha Visram; 132 packages glassware Soomar Veera; 208 packages glassware, Gangjee Poonjee; 22 packages glassware, Visram Allana; 98 packages glassware, Nanjeebhoy Canjee; 14 packages glassware, Jaffer Rahimmull; 26 packages glassware, Sooltanally Abdoolally.

DAILY EXPORTS.—OCTOBER 9.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Murray 8—54 bales wool, Mahamedally Abdoola and Co; 20 bales cotton waste, Mudon Bhimjee; 800 cwts wheat and 200 cwts grain, Ghella Bharmull; 800 cwts bones, Peerbhoy Allarakhia; 1,600 cwts bones, Allarakhia Canjee; 165 bales cotton dropping, Damodhur Liliadhur; 32 bales wool, Kika Khoosa; 50 cwts wheat, Nurseo Khuttow; 1,250 cwts bones, Currimbhoy Nanjee; 40 cwts goat hair, Jewraj Damjee.
Hispania 8—100 bales cotton, J. C. Bushby and Co; 200 bales cotton, Geo. Lockhart and Co; 112 bales cotton, Canjee Purbut and Co; 211 bales cotton, Bhimjee Shamjee and Co; 1,400 bales cotton and 3,200 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers; 860 cwts linseed cake, Thomas H. Moore and Co; 7·9 packages wet dates, M. Panachund and Co; 117 bales wool, Banichund Fuckerchund; 8,014 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co; 8 cwts wheat, Morarjee Desai; 400 cwts wheat, Lalljee Poonsee and Co; 5,921 cwts wheat, Wallace and Co; 280 cwts wheat, R. Balchund; 150 cwts coir yarn, Luckmedass Nursey; 100 bales cotton, Benn, Ashley and Co.
Nubia 8—500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 8,000 cwts wheat, Remington and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Canara 8—12 bales hides, C. Jehangir; 4,818½ cwts wheat, Hajee Alli Sheerajee.
Assam 8—15½ cwts ivory, Abdoola Lillany; 21 cases shawls Jowarimull Dulsookroy.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Chanda 8—110 bales cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmedass; 134 bales cotton, Visram Ebram and Co.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 8th October, 1883.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m and 10 p.m

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·799
Temperature of the Air	82·0
Wet Bulb Thermometer	78·2
Dew Point	76·9
Relative humidity of Air	·847
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 8).	2·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.) ...	85·7
Minimum do. do. read at 10 a.m.)...	76·0
General Direction of Wind*	NW, NNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	166
Fall of Rain*	0·74
Total fall during the month	0·96
„ „ „ year	79·88

* From midnight.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—OCTOBER [illegible]

[illegible]ence, Major, Quarter-master-General, from Ahmedabad.
[illegible] from Jeawar.

[illegible]ANCES AND OUDH ORDERS.

(*North-Western Provinces Gazette.*)

Mr. F. Kilvert, Depy. Collr. and Extra Asst. Comsr., Kumaun, privilege leave for 3 months, from 20th Sept.
Surgn.-Major E. Bonavia, M. D., Civil Surgn., 2nd Class, Etawah, privilege leave for 2 months, from 2nd Nov.
Mr. K. M. Nicholson, Depy. Collr. and Extra Asst. Comsr., Sultanpur, to be on special duty for demarcation of forest boundaries in the Gorakhpur dist., from the date on which Mr. Wells assumes charge of his duties at Sultanpur.
Mr. Henry L. Beddy, to be Lieut. in A. Company of the Agra Volunteer Rifles, vice Lieut. H. C. C. Wood, resigned.
Surgn.-Major G. M. Govan, M. D., Offg. Depy. Sanitary Comsr., N. W. P. and Oudh, to be Supdt. of the Pilgrim Hospitals in Kumaun and Garhwal, in addition to his other duties, from 15th Aug.
Mr. W. J. Sane, Comsr., Agra. Div., to officiate as a Member of the Board of Revenue, N.-W. P., during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. P. Carmichael.
Mr. C. J. Daniell, Dist. and Sess. Judge, Moradabad, to officiate as Comsr. of the Agra Div., during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. W. Lane.
The Hon'ble the Lieut.-Govr. and Chief Comsr. is pleased to accept the resignation of his commission in the Allahabad Volunteer Rifle Corps, by Lieut. W. H. Marten.

PUNJAUB GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Punjab Government Gazette.*)

Mr. C. L. Tupper, Jr. Secy. to Govt., Punjab, on Special Duty., has obtained furlough to Europe for 5½ months, from 15th Oct.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 1, MEADOW-STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.
(OPPOSITE ROGERS & CO.)

MR. N. H. GHEESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON,
CONSULTED FROM 9 A. M. TO 5 P. M.
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
[illegible]ora Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office.

[illegible]VE NO EQUAL."
This is the [illegible] of everybody who has tried.
DR. S[illegible]IOUS and LIVER PILLS, [illegible]ilver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasm[illegible]nervous depression, irritability, lassitude[illegible]dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness[illegible], being as mild and tonic in their action [illegible]in their curative effects. Prepared by [illegible]London, England. In bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½[illegible]s are in green packages, with WILLIAM [illegible] Government Stamp. insist on having those an[illegible]s other. ." AGENTS WANTED."

R. D. JAYNE & SON'S
USEFUL FAMILY MEDICINES,
SUCH AS
[illegible]ECTORANT,
[illegible]VERMIFUGE,
[illegible]SPECIFIC FOR TAPEWORM,
CARMINATIVE BALSAM,
ALTERATIVE,
AGUE MIXTURE,
LINIMENT,
SANATIVE PILLS AND HAIR TONIC.
Can always be had from all Chemists and Druggists.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENTS,
WARDEN & CO.,
[illegible] Fort, Bombay.

DEFECTIVE OR FAILING SIGHT.

THE sense of sight is so valuable that the importance of perfect and carefully adjusted spectacles can scarcely be overrated; although the wearing of single eye-glasses should be strictly avoided, we have the highest medical authority, confirmed by daily experience, that [illegible]perfect, glasses, together with the haphazard and imperfect action generally employed, are [illegible]an of selecirremediable injury to the sight[illegible]ent causes of economy can compensate for [illegible]; and as no present all to be cautious how the [illegible]for such a loss, it behoves common pebble or glass [illegible]ey are tempted to use the solid.

For the guidance of those who are using pebble spectacles, it [illegible]ice of those who are using pebble are cut *at random*, may be stated that when the pebbles principles *against* the grain, and not polished on the most [illegible]e which has been universally declared the are [illegible]appropriate, based on scientific research, they injurious to the sight.

Quadvisable as the unnecessary wearing of spectacles undoubtedly is, the common notion that their use should be postponed to the utmost is proved beyond dispute to be a grave mistake.

Being in possession of all the optical instruments taken over by us from Dr. A. Menist, we are not only in a position to suit the eye sight to perfection, but to supply different accommodations for each eye which so frequently are needed.

Pamphlet with self-suiting directions free on application.

C. MARCKS & Co.
43, Rampart-row, Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

COPE—October 8, at Bombay, killed by a fall from a horse, William Cope, Assistant, Messrs Grindlay, Groom & Co., aged 29 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

CRAWFORD—September 24, at Delhi, the wife of Surgn. D. G. Crawford, I. M. D., of a daughter.
LYON—October 3, at Chupra, the wife of G. K. Lyon, B. C. S., of a son.
POLLOCK—October 5, at Lucknow, the wife of Lieut. F. G. Pollock, 8th B. C., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

PETRUSE—WHILING—October 2, at Umritsur, David Petruse, Head Master of St. James's School, and Organist of St. Andrew's, Lahore, to Miss Martha Whiling.
RUTTLEDGE—DENNISON—October 4, at Jaunpur, N.-W. P., by the Rev. A. H. Etty, Chaplain, Benares, Surgeon-Major E. H. Ruttledge, Civil Surgeon, Jaunpur, son of the late Mr. T. Ruttledge, of Ingatestone, Essex, to Alice, daughter of Mr. John Dennison, late of Rockbank, Sicilmorlie, Ayrshire, Scotland.

DEATH.

THORPE—October 2, at Dinapore, Susan Constantia, the wife of James J. Thorpe, aged 53 years and 9 months.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1883.

THAT the connection between Great Britain and her colonies should be drawn closer, and given a greater character of permanence than it now possesses, at all events to the superficial eye, very few responsible politicians will dispute. Mr. Arnold Forster, who has contributed a very able and readable article on this subject, will not have many opponents, or even adverse critics, while he confines himself to the task of showing how desirable it is that the mother-country and her offspring should continue to form a happy family through the circling ages. They can be of infinite use reciprocally, their united strength being sufficient not only to defy aggression, but to impose a salutary awe, very gratifying to the patriotic spirit of all and each, upon the envious Powers who may be tempted to cast a dishonest eye upon their boundless stretches of territory, or their accumulated wealth. But it is when the son of the honourable member for Bradford tries his hand at the work of elaborating a system by which the end which we all desire can be effectually attained, that we become conscious that we are not in the presence of a Bismarck or a Cæsar. The great Chancellor proposed to himself to build up a new German Empire with two materials which had often done good service in the world before—blood and iron—and it has been his good fortune to construct out of them a strong and compact political edifice which will certainly last his time, and perhaps survive until some Sclavonic statesman skilled in the use of the same compound, succeed in shaking its [illegible] edifice of [illegible]. Mr. [illegible] of the legislative sphere, will swing together harmoniously, once a merchant can send a letter for the sum of one penny from Bradford to anywhere; the existence of protective tariffs will be forgotten and divergent interests will be merged in a universal chorus of Rule Britannia. The notion of establishing a Supreme Parliament in which all the provinces and States of the Empire would be represented in proportion to their population, area, and stage of civilization need not trouble us a bit. That is a trifle with which we need not concern ourselves once we have got an Imperial penny postage and an Imperial code.

We should scarcely deem it necessary to notice Mr. Arnold Forster's marvellous effort of constructive statesmanship, were it not for a third constituent which he suggests as admirably adapted to cement the connexion between the Home country and the colonies, some of whom have lately discovered a remarkable, if somewhat precocious, ambition, which attests the legitimacy of their descent. He thinks the colonies could be permanently interested in the maintenance of the Imperial connexion if they were presented gratis with a substantial share in the government of India. The colonists, he suggests, should be given—"not in name only, but in reality"—a share in the government of this country. By this, of course, we must understand that a big slice of Indian appointments, such as would satisfy the robust appetite of the colonists for place and pension, should be reserved for Australians, Tasmanians, New-Zealanders, Canadians, South Africans, and others too numerous to mention. By the time all these had their quota of places in the Covenanted Service there would not be many vacancies for mere natives of England, and none at all for natives of India. What share the different colonies should have in the appointment of the Viceroy and the Presidential Governors, and the members of the Indian Council in London, is left to our imagination. We are only told that the colonies are to share, not nominally, but in a substantial form in the honour and profit of governing the Indian dominions of the Queen-Empress. For ourselves, we should feel inclined to doubt whether the colonies would find the task conducive either to their honour or profit. A distinguished member of the Upper House, of whom Mr. Arnold Forster may have heard, laid it down that the true reason why a dog wagged his tail was that the tail was the smaller of the two; if it had been otherwise, he sagely remarked, the tail would wag the dog. If the go-ahead colony of Queensland, which, with its population of three to the square mile, and a national debt of £71 per head on each of the three, is now engaged in annexing New Guinea, were to seriously try her hand at annexing India, with its highly organized and rather despotic Government, its two hundred and fifty millions of people, and its formidable army, it would possibly find itself very much in the position of the dog which had a tail considerably bigger than itself. It would be wagged to a certainty, when it least expected the operation. The other Australian colonies, with their two or three million of people scattered over a continent which they cannot hope to fill for a century or two, would find themselves in not much better case. The tropical regions of the Australian quarter of the globe, must, as certainly as the West Indies, be worked, if at all, by tropical races. The bright idea of importing Indian coolies to labour in the cane fields, and nowhere else, on *pain of imprisonment*, so as to prevent that part of the territory from being populated by those whose labour alone makes its fertility profitable, will not [illegible] alone make its fertility stave off the inevitable [illegible] in any eventuality avail to [illegible] there, the [illegible]table. If the coolies do not [illegible] the Chinese, or the South Sea Islanders, or the Papuans, surely will. And the probability is that the heritage will fall to the coolies, for whom there is a great demand, though not greater than the supply, as events will show. The expansive force of the vast population of this country is a factor which will yet have to be reckoned with. It will, we are convinced, regenerate and civilise East Africa within the next half-century. It will supply Northern Australia and New Guinea with a docile, industrial agricultural population in even less time. The Government of India very naturally and properly keeps an eye upon its subjects when labouring on remote plantations. Hitherto this duty has been unrewarded by anything more substantial than a good conscience, and the sense of having performed with disinterestedness and fair success a task which might have been shirked without much discredit. But when it becomes a question of supplying vast tracts of territory with a population which cannot safely be left to the tender mercies of colonists who in their haste are annexing all the South Pacific, and suggesting to Mr. Arnold Forster's observant mind that they would be very well pleased to get "in reality" a share in the government of India, the solidarity of India and Australia will possibly suggest thoughts to some future Dalhousie which may not be unfruitful.

The suggestion that India should be thrown as a sop to the colonies to induce them to be loyal to the mother-country, is so preposterous that it is not worth serious examination. The real objections to so puerile, and at the same time so mischievous, an idea need not be indicated. That England, which has rescued India from anarchy, and conferred upon her at a bound all the material and many of the moral advantages of a civilization which the European nations slowly elaborated during ages of conflict and suffering, should have a share in governing this country "not in name only, but in reality," is reasonable enough. But that the colonies, which have done nothing of the kind, should be invited to put their hands into the Indian treasury—for that is what it comes to—is the wildest and most unprincipled idea that ever entered the head of any sane politician. Mr. Arnold Forster is a young man anxious to make a name for himself; that is the best excuse that can be suggested for him. That the federation of the Empire is a great work ready to the hand of some English Bismarck, we fully recognise. But when that federation takes place, India must from the nature of things have a foremost and honoured place therein; she cannot be treated as a mere prize for colonial ambitions, or colonial recklessness. It is not necessary to share Mr. Disraeli's views about the propriety of shifting the centre of the British Empire from London to Delhi, to feel that in that conception he had a far truer sense of the relative position of political forces, even in dreams, than has Mr. Arnold Forster when he proposes to hand over India to the disinterested guardianship of Canada and the Australian Colonies, to say nothing of Natal and the Cape of Good Hope.

THE Rs. 23,500 subscribed to do honour to the memory of the late Dr. Wilson in 1870 might, we think, be more effectively employed in the advancement of education than it is at present. As Dr. Wilson was himself celebrated for his philological lore, and as philology was at that time a young science, the results of which had still some of the charms of novelty for the general public, it was very properly decided that the most appropriate monument to his memory would be a yearly course of philological lectures. The languages chosen for philological investigation were to succeed each other in rotation year by year. Sanskrit with the Prakrit languages derived from it, Hebrew, Latin and Greek, and English were all to be expounded in turn. This was all very well for a time. But a constant succession of philological lectures is rather wearying to the public, and a little variety is urgently required. The subject has become more or less hackneyed, and the science of language is losing the vigour and attractive freshness [illegible]h it formerly enjoyed, when its first pro[illegible]were like pioneers in a rich unexplored [illegible]ry, and tore away the veil of obscurity from [illegible] of more remote antiquity than history [illegible]onumental records had ever attempt[illegible]crate. But now what it has to tell [illegible]ric times has been clearly and [illegible]d too often told by many a brilliant know well enough what to expect to hear a popular philological dis[illegible]e lecture is sure to deduce from the [illegible]cal Ursprache of our Indo-Germanic [illegible]s that they knew how to cook their [illegible] fire and cross the water with boats propelled by oars, that they married and gave in marriage, that they were familiar with the sheep, the cow, and the dog, but destitute of the domestic cat, that the Englishman and Indian are really brothers and ought to act as such, and many other similar facts, which may be all very true, but are certainly no longer new. No doubt, a great deal of useful work in the form of original research into the modern Indian languages remains to be done, but it is hardly of such a kind that its results could be expounded in popular lectures. English is indeed an inexhaustible mine of philological inquiry of an interesting character sure to attract fair audiences of natives to the lecture hall in a city like Bombay, where so many of the inhabitants derive their daily bread from a knowledge of that language, and are very willing to use every opportunity gratuitously afforded of improving themselves therein. But the Latin and Greek lectures and the Hebrew lectures might, we are convinced, be discontinued in favour of other subjects more likely to interest a Bombay audience. They were doubtless determined upon from respect for Dr. Wilson's classical learning and piety. But Bombay, like Shakespeare, knows little Latin and less Greek, while it only contains two or three thousand Jews, most of whom are probably ignorant of their own language; so that the lecturer discoursing on those subjects is liable to find before him only a beggarly array of empty benches. Thus in many years it happens that this munificent endowment is practically wasted. What is wanted to ensure its being in each successive year of some real benefit to the lovers of learning in Bombay, is a little more elasticity in the conditions prescribed in the choice of a lecturer, so that the Syndicate may choose in each year the best man available, and allow him to discourse upon that particular subject in which he is most learned. If the Principal of Elphinstone College could be induced to take the lectureship one year, and were allowed by the terms of the endowment to lecture upon English history or literature, the University Library Hall would be crowded as it never was before, and large numbers would gain much enjoyment and instruction. Lectures of great interest might be given by European and native scholars on Sanskrit literature, the poetry of Tukaram and other Maratha bards, or the manners and customs of the half-civilized tribes of India as compared with other barbarous tribes. We would not by any means suggest the exclusion of linguistic subjects, but only that they should take their turn with other branches of learning. Let the lectureship be still called the Philological Lectureship as before, but let the term philology be defined in its original wider sense, and be clearly understood to include, according to the Greek usage of the word, not only the science of language, but also philosophy, history, and literature. The fewer the unnecessary restrictions put upon the subject matter of the lectures, the more they will contribute towards the advancement of knowledge.

MR. DIBBLEE, the Engineer-in-Chief of the Western Deccan Railway Survey, and the whole of his staff, having completed their duties in this Presidency, have been transferred to the Nellore-Tirupati Railway Survey which they will complete with the view of an early commencement of the construction of the line. It is understood that negotiations are in progress for the immediate commencement of the Western Deccan Railway by the Southern Maratha Railway Co.

SOLDIER LORE.

WHEN we see the sepoys of our Native Army turning out spick and span in their uniforms, we very seldom think how difficulties had to be surmounted and prejudices conquered before we could get the sepoy to adopt uniform. In those old days when we were establishing ourselves inch by inch in all parts of India—some 120 years ago—we had [illegible], in appearance or numbers, the Native Army of to-day. As regards the Madras sepoys, a certain portion were first persuaded to submit to uniformity of dress by Lieutenant Cosby, of the Madras Establishmen', between the years 1764 and 1767. This officer was afterwards known as Lieutenant-General Sir Henry Cosby. We can imagine the Madras warrior of that day being gradually encased in the quaint old regimental costume of the time, with probably a stock that lifted up his chin on high and made him feel that it required all his loyalty and the regular monthly pay to make him endure such torture. We hear again of Captain Cosby making a wonderfully rapid march, in comparison to which the pace kept up by the Kabul and Kandahar force sinks into insignificance. About 1767 a certain Brigadier General Smith was retiring with his force into the Carnatic, leaving three battalions of sepoys under a Captain Baillie with the Souba near Seringapatam These three battalions soon got into arrears of pay, and to keep them loyal it was necessary to make arrangements for their immediate payment. Captain Cosby was sent by General Smith with the specie for the payment of the sepoys and an escort of 500 sepoys and 12 dragoons. The whole route lay through the enemy's country filled with Hyder Ally's troops. His success is testified to in the following words in the old official chronicle of this officer's services :—"This delicate service was performed with admirable success, Captain Cosby having so skilfully evaded the corps detached to intercept him as to return with the loss of only one man who deserted, after performing a circuitous march, guided chiefly by the compass, of 350 miles in 13 days, including two days occupied in delivering his charge and refreshing his troops." The 350 miles were thus done in 11 days' actual marching, or just 32 miles a day—a wonderful performance for infantry soldiers, and still more so when it is remembered that only one man was lost, and he a deserter.

Truly, we hear of fine deeds in those old last century days. Shortly after the occurrence just related General Smith, with 800 European Infantry, 5,000 sepoys, 30 English dragoons, 16 pieces of field artillery, and 1,000 irregular cavalry, had just got through the Changama Pass, which divided the Carnatic from Hyder Ally's dominion, when he was overtaken by Hyder with 42,000 horse, 28,000 infantry, and 109 guns. General Smith turned his little force against this enormous army, and by his skilful dispositions and the devotion of his men he repulsed the enemy so hotly that at evening he was left master of the field, and was enabled to continue his retirement during the night without molestation. The sepoys, even in those early days, must have been loyal and dependable troops.

The office or title of Adjutant-General, which is now so familiar to all soldiers, was first held in India by this same Captain Cosby, in 1773, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. The captains of these days in the Indian armies may look back with wistful glance at those pleasant times, when captains commanded regiments and became adjutants-general, &c. Verily, the pagoda-tree was in full bloom some 100 years ago.

Lately we have seen in some English newspaper certain suggestions for the formation of a corps of gentlemen, who have been unable to pass their examination for entrance to the commissioned ranks of the service, &c. A *corps d'élite* of this kind existed more than 100 years ago in Bengal, called the Select Picket, "consisting of a body of gentlemen cadets, who were formed into a company and carried arms until vacancies occurred for their receiving commissions." This picket always had the post of honour, on the right of the advanced guard of the army in the field; and good fighting material these young gentlemen were.

Bombay is not the only Presidency which has possessed a Marine Corps. The Marine Battalion, with whom all Bombayites are so familiar, had its prototype in Calcutta in 1801, when a certain Lieutenant-Colonel White (afterwards Sir Henry White, K. C. B.) raised two battalions, 1,000 strong each, for service either by sea or land; and for many years it was a most distinguished corps as the 20th Regiment.

We think we make large guns in these days, and eight years ago the 38-ton gun was the heaviest our arsenals had produced; but in 1803, when Lord Lake took Agra, a gun was found there of wonderful dimensions. It was constructed entirely of brass, weighed over 43 tons, was 14 feet 2 inches long, with a calibre of 23 inches; the metal at the muzzle was 11½ inches thick; 108 lbs. of powder were required to fill the chamber, and the cast-iron ball weighed 1,500 lbs. The gun was valued at Rs. 1,00,000. This was a very nice little piece of ordnance, but from all accounts it had, fortunately enough for us, never done much damage in our ranks.

Turning over the pages of an old military work, we come across the account of a quiet bit of brave fortitude which is worth relating. In 1781 the fort of Tripassor was beseiged by Tippoo Saheb. The besieged were hard put to it, as for three days and nights there was a practicable breach in the walls. A certain ensign Symons, though actually in hospital with a severe wound in the leg, caused himself to be brought up and placed on the ramparts in order to give confidence to his sepoys. It is satisfactory to know that Sir Eyre Coote soon relieved the fort, and that the brave ensign lived to be a distinguished Major-General.

A few pages further on in the same book, we see a familiar name to all Bombay officers, that of Francis Staunton. Every one knows of the heroic defence of Corygaum in 1818: how he, with 600 N.I., two six-pounders, and 300 auxiliary horse, held in check for nine hours the army of the Peishwa, consisting of 20,000 horse and several thousand infantry. Taking it all round, this is one of the most brilliant feats of arms in the military annals of the East. The 600 N.I. are now the 2nd Grenadiers. Captain Staunton would have been thanked by the House of Parliament, but being only a captain he was debarred from the honour.

Though officers of junior rank in the old days often got good commands and appointments, still they frequently had to wait a weary time for promotion; for instance, Lieut.-Col. Donald Macleod, C.B., a distinguished officer on the Bengal Establishment, got his first commission in 1780, and though constantly on active service and engaged with the enemy, he was not a captain until after twenty years and four months' service, and he became a lieut.-col. after 35 years' service—a state of things which would hardly satisfy officers of the present day.

Now, Bombay officers and men, hear what was thought of your Army in 1818, in the words of the *Quarterly Review* of that period:—"They are familiar with the sea, and few of them mind a voyage. They have at all times been found ready to embark on foreign service. This is only one of the merits of the Bombay native soldier; he is patient, faithful and brave, and attached in a remarkable degree to his European officers. There cannot be a class of men more cheerful under privation and difficulty;" and so on. Well done, Bombay soldier, and remember what you were then you are now.

We cannot fancy, now-a-days, that a young gentleman of fifteen years old would have sufficient experience to be adjutant of a Native Infantry regiment. Yet we find in 1783 Lieutenant Worsley (afterwards Colonel and C. B.) appointed Adjutant of the 30th Regiment of sepoys, being then 15 years of age and having been two years in the service. Why, our adjutants of to-day are old men compared to him!

How many people are there who know that an expedition once sailed from India to the north-west coast of America? Yet such is the case. In 1785 such an expedition started, the object being to collect furs and to establish a military post at Nootka Sound. However, no success attended the expedition, and it eventually returned to India. Lieutenant Walker, of the Bombay Establishment, was to have commanded the post. This officer afterwards became Quartermaster-General of the Bombay Army in the field in 1799, during the war with Tippoo. When he received this appointment, he was a major and had 19 years' service.

The old Indian Horse Artillery has been a celebrated corps in its time. It was first brought into existence in Bengal in 1806, an experimental troop having been raised. The command was given to a Captain Pennington, who had just become a captain after 24 years' service. The corps proving a success, two more troops were formed in 1809, and Captain (soon afterwards Brevet-Major) Pennington was given the command of the three troops. In 1818 the Horse Artillery was augmented to a brigade, consisting of six troops and one rocket troop, and the command was given to the same officer, then a lieutenant-colonel. This brigade existed until the amalgamation, and won renown for itself as the Bengal Horse Artillery.

Another instance of extraordinary marching comes before us. It occurred in the excursion after the Pindarries in 1815-16, under Sir John Doveton. The old Military Calendar relates the circumstance in the following words :—"An idea of the fatigue the troops underwent in this desultory warfare may be formed by the description of a march executed by a squadron of cavalry under Major Riddell's command in April, 1816. He received orders from General Doveton to make for a certain point, distant about thirty miles from the camp, and to endeavour to obtain information of a body of Pindarries expected in the direction of the Adjutah pass, near to which the British were encamped. He marched at 7 o'clock at night, and on the road received various reports of their approach, which he transmitted to the general; but on reaching the point to which he was ordered [illegible] all traces of them were lost, for, in fact, they [illegible] passed on some miles distant from the [illegible] before this officer received instructions [illegible]. In about half an hour a trooper camp[illegible]pearance with an order for his immediate to quit [illegible] squadron accordingly retraced its made his ap[illegible]the force had moved six miles ate return; the[illegible]ound. On approaching the steps and found [illegible]orning, Major Riddell rebeyond its former g[illegible]o miles from camp as camp, about ten in the [illegible]time after, he was ceived directions to remain [illegible] arrival at two an outlying squadron. A short [illegible]adale cavalry desired to join the force, and on [illegible]position o'clock in the afternoon, he found the [illegible] marched mounted, and had only time to take up his [illegible] in the line, when this force moved off, [illegible] twenty-five miles, found the enemy gone, and [illegible] back to their original ground, twenty-five miles more, by ten next morning, making a distance of 116 miles in 39 hours." This is something like marching. It would be interesting to know how many sore backs or girth-galls there were in Major Riddell's squadron after such a journey in April in the plains.

Wilks, in his "Sketches of the South of India," published we don't know how many years ago, relates a curious anecdote anent the battle of Cuddalore, which was fought in June, 1783. It is as follows :—"Among the wounded prisoners was a young French sergeant who so particularly attracted the notice of Colonel Waugenheim, Commandant of the Hanoverian troops in the English service, by his interesting appearance and manners, that he ordered the young man to be conveyed to his own tents, where he was treated with attention and kindness until his recovery and release. Many years afterwards, when the French army under Bernadotte entered Hanover, General Waugenheim, among others, attended the levée of the conqueror. 'You have served a great deal,' said Bernadotte on his being presented, 'and, as I understand, in India.' 'I have served there.'—At Cuddalore?' 'I was there.' 'Have you any recollection of a wounded sergeant whom you took under your protection in the course of that service?' The circumstance was not immediately present to the General's mind; but, on recollection, he resumed, 'I do indeed remember the circumstances, and a very fine young man he was. I have entirely lost s

TELEGRAMS.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF THE PUNJAB.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 9.

Sir Charles Aitchison leaves here to-morrow afternoon on tour.

INFRINGEMENT OF A GOVERNMENT COPY-RIGHT.

It is current in legal circles that although no [illegible] taken against the proprietors of cheap Indian Law Reports for the present, [illegible]en warned to discontinue their pub- beginning of next year, when the [illegible]ssue the same reports at a cheaper 22 or Rs. 28 per annum. The [illegible] also probably be placed within [illegible]al public at an equally reduced [illegible]rate is not yet decided.

THE OOTY SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POTHANORE, Oct. 9.

[illegible]und season is virtually over. The [illegible] and staff, with Colonel Brind and Littledale, passed through here this after- Beypore. The Ooty hounds go to Madras. Jago and Mr. Rees are better.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE CESAREWITCH.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

The Cesarewitch was run to-day with the following results :—

Don Juan	1
Hackness	2
Cosmos	3

THE FRENCH ON THE CONGO.

LONDON, Oct. 9.

News from the South-west Coast of Africa states that the French are displaying great activity on the Congo river in establishing factories and carrying on negotiations with the Native Chiefs.

THE NEW FRENCH MINISTER OF WAR.

PARIS, Oct. 9.

General Campenon has been appointed Minister of War.

THE PARISIAN INSULT TO KING ALFONSO.

MADRID, Oct. 8.

The Spanish Government regard the announcement in the French Official Journal with reference to President Grévy's apology to King Alfonso as inadequate, and demand that His Majesty's reply to President Grévy should also be published officially.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The Bombay mails of the 18th ultimo were delivered in London to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

SUEZ, Oct. 8.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Goorkha, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 5th inst.

The Cie. Nationale's steamer Canton, from Bombay, left this evening for Marseilles.

PORT SAID, Oct. 8.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Eldorado, homeward bound from Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here this afternoon.

LISBON, Oct. 9.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Dacca, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left here on the evening of the 7th inst.

LONDON, Oct. 8.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed strong. Surats firm.

The London Cotton market has been strong.

Fair Dhollerah	4 1-16
The Manchester market has been strong.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	80½
4½ per cent.	84⅜
3 per cent. Consols for account	
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	
4½ ,, French Rentes	
Bar Silver	

THERMOMETER [illegible]

MONDAY, [illegible]

10 p.m.	[illegible]

TUESDAY, Oct [illegible]

6 a.m.	[illegible]
10 a.m.	[illegible]
2 p.m.	[illegible]
4 p.m.	[illegible]

MR. JUSTICE PINHEY and Mr. [illegible]tham proceed to Simla for the ensuing [illegible]ation of the High Court.

THE appeal filed by Mr. H. A. Geyer against the decision of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, who found him guilty of defaming the Bombay agent of the Singer Manufacturing Company, and fined him Rs. 500, was disposed of at the High Court yesterday. Mr. Justice Bayley, Acting Chief Justice, held the charge of defamation to be clearly proved against the appellant; but looking to all the circumstances of the case, the way in which the parties had been firing off at each other and endeavouring to depreciate each other's sewing machines, his lordship thought that the ends of justice would be satisfied if he reduced the fine from Rs. 500 to one rupee. Mr. Justice Pinhey concurring in this opinion, the conviction was upheld, but the fine was reduced to one rupee.

THE S. S. President Garfield, which was detained in Bombay harbour by order of the High Court, at the instance of Kessowjee Dossa and others, has been allowed to proceed to sea. These persons, who have filed a suit in the High Court against Captain John Higgins, the commander of the President Garfield, and Messrs. M. Spitere and Company, advanced to the latter large sums of money for the purchase of goods to be shipped to Europe. In the latter part of September the plaintiffs shipped, for Dunkirk, on board the President Garfield, 3,919 bags of wheat and seeds, of the value of Rs. 40,000, which had been purchased by them for Messrs. Spitere and Co., whose bills the local banks declined to negotiate at the time. The plaintiffs had received the mate's receipts; but failing to get the bills of lading, which they considered themselves entitled to, they filed a suit and obtained an injunction to restrain the vessel from proceeding to sea, the demurrage, it was said, amounting to Rs. 500 per day. The parties having come to an amicable arrangement until the hearing of the case, the injunction order was dissolved.

AN examination of articled clerks for the office of solicitor of the High Court was held on the 24th, 25th, 26th, and 27th ult. before Messrs. C. F. Farran, C. E. Fox, and Mr. Brown, of Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown. The candidates for the examination were Mr. Abdoola Meherali Dhurumsey, articled clerk to Mr. M. Sayani, Mr. Framjee Rustomjee Wadia, articled clerk to Mr. Chowland, Mr. Jeevunjee Dinshaw Ghandy, articled clerk to Mr. Hearn, Mr. Nusserwanjee Muncherjee, articled clerk to Mr. Chalk, and Mr. Merwanjee Framjee, articled clerk to Mr. Jamardhun Gopal. The result of the examination was announced on Monday evening; the successful candidates being only two, namely, Messrs. Abdoola Meherali Dhurumsey and Framjee Rustomjee Wadia. Mr. Abdoola Meherali made a declaration at the High Court yesterday as an attorney of the court.

WE have received Volume XIV. of the *Bombay Gazetteer*, which deals with the district of Nasick. Mr. Campbell, in a short preface, acknowledges assistance in the compilation from the following gentlemen :—Messrs. J. A. Baines, C. S., H. E. Cook, C. S., F. L. Charles, C. S., Colonel W. H. Wilson, Captain W. C. Black, Rao Bahadur Kashinath Mahadeo Tnatte, and Mr. Raghoba Trimbak Sanaj. Much valuable help, it is further stated, has been received from Mr. W. Ramsay, C.S., Collector of the district. The learned and interesting account of the Pandu Lena Caves is contributed by Pundit Bhagvanlal Indraji.

ANOTHER slight shock of earthquake, which lasted about 25 seconds, was experienced in Calcutta shortly after midnight of the 5th instant.

THE s.s. Clan Mackintosh stranded on the 5th instant in the Hooghly, but was floated the next morning and got safely up to Calcutta, apparently little damaged.

MR. J. WESTLAND, Comptroller-General, arrived in Calcutta on the 5th instant, on return from leave, in the mail-steamer Nizam.

THE following balances were held in cash in the Civil Treasuries of the Government of India and at credit of Government in the Presidency Banks and their branches on the last day of September :—1881, Rs. 12,87,20,000 ; 1882, Rs. 12,75,42,000 ; 1883, Rs. 12,69,13,000.

AMONG visitors to India next cold weather will be the following members of Parliament :—Messrs. T. R. Buchanan, Blake, and H. Macfarlane. Mr. Macfarlane, who sits for Carlow county, has taken some interest in Indian questions, and comes to study them on the spot. Lord Houghton will also visit India during the season.

MR. C. J. BURROW, of Mr. Wash Norton's Merrymakers, who has earned a reputation amongst the Native Princes of this country for his practical knowledge of Hindustani music, has, an up-country paper says, been offered the appointment of Pianist to H. H. the Maharaja of Jeypore during the forthcoming visit [illegible]

THE tea crop for the season of 1883 is estimated in a circular issued by the General Committee of the Indian Tea Association at sixty million pounds. This is about a million in excess of the outturn of 1882.

A CONTEMPORARY'S Simla correspondent remarks how cordially the whole of Simla society has appreciated not only the hospitalities of Peterhoff, but the way in which these hospitalities have been administered. "Seldom has a Viceroy succeeded in gathering together so deservedly popular a staff as that now assembled within Government House. Their courtesy to one and all alike is as universal as it is genuine and unaffected; and it is universally acknowledged and appreciated."

A LONG memorial has been submitted to the Viceroy in Council by the British India Association of Calcutta, on the subject of the Bengal Rent Bill. The memorialists describe the measure as "a direct violation of the Permanent Settlement Regulations, subversive of recognized rights of property, and calculated to deprive a large body of useful and loyal subjects of Her Majesty the Queen-Empress of their just and cherished rights, and to breed discord, litigation, and ill-will between them and the peasantry," and in this way "a measure of questionable policy, manifest injustice, and necessarily detrimental to the vital interests of the community." The prayer of the memorial is that His Excellency the Viceroy in Council will be pleased, before the Select Committee proceeds to discuss its detailed provisions, "to reconsider the principles of the Bill."

REGARDING the silly attempts to get up an unprofitable agitation which the *Englishman* has permitted correspondents to make in its columns, the Calcutta correspondent of the *Pioneer* writes :—"The Volunteers continue to be incited, by injudicious writers to one of the local dailies, to abstain from parading with the guard-of-honour to His Excellency the Viceroy upon his arrival in Calcutta from Cashmere. Calcutta society of course trembles at the threat of a gentleman who signs himself "I too will not go," and who declares that he does not purpose attending any entertainment under the patronage of Lord Ripon, or any of his following who support the Ilbert Bill. This is very sad; and how we shall survive this coming cold season, or how the International Exhibition is going to be a success in "I too will not go's" absence, it is difficult to conceive. In regard to the Volunteers, however, the majority of the men are too sensible to be led into a demonstration of positive hostility towards Her Majesty the Queen by staying away from the guard-of-honour parade, by reason of the childishly indignant letters which continue to appear in the *Englishman*. Let the Volunteers next December recollect the advice that was given to them by that newspaper last March, and let them treat the nonsense which is now being written about not turning out for the guard-of-honour in recognition of the arrival of the Viceroy with the like silent contempt. The Volunteers should not be dragged into a political contest; as volunteers they have nothing whatever to do with Mr. Ilbert's Bill: they have no right, if they are loyal, properly-inclined volunteers, to show any ill-feeling to the Viceroy, *as volunteers*, in regard to it; and their opposition to Lord Ripon's policy, as private citizens, will be all the more weighty, when Government observes that they consistently continue loyally serving the Queen."

WE quote the following paragraph from the *Lahore Church Gazette* :—"Mrs. Vallings, the wife of the late Rev. F. R. Vallings, after having been for several years a member of the Cowley sisterhood in Bombay and Poona, has at last joined the Church of Rome."

WE take the following from *Reis* and *Rayyett* :—"So the agitation that has during the last eight months been carried on in the columns of the *Englishman* has not been to the profit of the absent proprietor. It is an open secret that the *Englishman* has, during the last few months, lost more subscribers than can be obtained in as many years of careful editing. It is an open secret that Mr. Saunders in England has disapproved of the conduct of his editor. And well he might! The De Cruzes and Pedros and Gomeses and Gantzers might give a bear-dance at the hands of the Keswicks and Finters and Allens of Anglo-India. But such exhibitions brought not a penny to the honest proprietor. Instead, they lost the valuable support of a large number of natives. Therefore, this Mr. Futrell retires, making room for a successor." The new editor of the *Englishman*, we believe, comes out from England, where he has been connected with the editorial staff of prominent provincial Conservative paper.

...opos of Mashers, a Calcutta correspondent of ...country paper remarks that Dave Carson ...termined that none of them shall mash ... cold seasons at *his* theatre, for the following startling notice has been staring the ...olic in the face for days on the first pages of ...l newspapers :—

NOTICE.

...one tampering with any performer or ... formers engaged by me will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

27th September, 1883. DAVE CARSON.

THE *Pioneer* thinks it advisable to offer a word of warning to injudicious agitators *apropos* of the recent meeting at Allahabad :—

If there had been any uncertainty about the state of public opinion in Allahabad, or if there had not been the opportunities for expressing it, the case would have been a very different one. As it is, however, the general meeting in the spring was quite sufficient to take the sense of the community, and more lately the working-men's protest emphasised in a practical and highly creditable manner the particular views of an important class of the opponents of the Bill. Last Thursday's meeting added nothing to either of these. Judging from the attendance at it, it was little more than a repetition of the railway gathering of last August *sans* all its force and meaning; and neither the ill-worded resolutions which were passed nor the speeches which were made upon them can be said to added anything to the force of the opposition. It is an obvious reflection, moreover, that meetings of this nature, unless they are adapted to further some definite purpose in view, are positively mischievous, inasmuch as they merely tend to provoke counter-agitation amongst a certain class of native society which asks for nothing better than a challenge to speedily make its voice heard. Hitherto there has been remarkably little of such agitation in these provinces, and anything that needlessly tends to arouse it is evidently to the last degree inexpedient.

SOME particulars of the Viceroy's proposed tour are given by an up-country paper :—

The Viceroy and staff will sleep at Pinjore, near Kalka, on the night of the 16th, stay there the following day, and leaving in the evening, reach Umballa in about three hours, driving direct to the railway station, where a special train will be in readiness to convey them to Wazirabad, which will be reached about 4 p.m. on the 18th. The short journey thence to Sialkot, where His Excellency will pass the night, will be made by dak. On Friday, the 19th, His Excellency will leave Sialkot for Jammoo, where he will be received by the Maharajah of Cashmere, and halt for two days. On Monday, the 22nd, the Viceregal party will proceed to Islamabad and Pampur by easy marches, and from thence to Srinuggur by water, arriving there on the 10th of November for a halt of four days. Starting from Srinuggur on the 15th November, His Excellency will reach Murree on the 22nd. The subsequent dates will be Rawalpindi 23rd, thence by special train to Lahore, arriving there at 8 a.m. on the 24th. At Lahore, where the Viceroy's party will be the guests of the Lieutenant-Governor, they will stay 4 days. The departure from Lahore will be on the evening of the 27th, and the arrival at Allahabad at 6 p.m. on the 28th. His Excellency will stay at Allahabad with Sir Alfred Lyall till 9 a.m. on Friday, the 30th, which should enable him to reach Calcutta on the 1st December, about 8 a.m. The arrival at Lahore and Allahabad will be private. The Viceroy's tour in Cashmere will extend from October 19 to November 21, on which day he will reach Kohala, on the Murree route, and re-enter British territory. Among the many places of note His Excellency will visit, are the Banihal Pass, Vernag, Islamabad, with a short journey of the ruins of Martand, and the sacred pool of Bawan, as well as Srinuggur itself. The climate of Cashmere at this season is bracing, but seldom bitterly cold. The routes to be traversed give a fair idea of the varying aspects of Cashmere scenery, even if something saddened by the almost universal presence of autumn tints.

A HOME paper notes that by an Act of the American Legislature, passed last year, the age for compulsory retirement from active military service was fixed at sixty-two, as has been long the established retirement age for the Navy. Under the operation of this law General Sherman, who is now Commander-in-Chief of the United States Army—"General of Army" is the technical term—quits that shortly, and betakes himself *en retraite*. His successor is Lieutenant-General "Phill" Sheridan, who comes from the command of the "division of the Missouri," whose head-quarters are at Chicago, to the War Office in Washington.

A NEW YORK correspondent telegraphs an account of the ceremony in Montana, on Sept. 8, of driving the last spike in the Northern Pacific Railway. Many distinguished foreigners and Americans were present, and the speakers, Mr. Villiard and Mr. Evarts, indulged in glowing predictions of the results of opening up enormous areas to civilisation.

FROM a scientific, if not from a national point of view, the *Athenæum* thinks it is permissible to endorse the suggestion of the Rev. W. Lawes, F.R.G.S., that the Royal Geographical Society should organize an expedition to New Guinea. "Here is a case of an extensive and important island, nearly as large as the British Islands and France put together and almost within sight of Australia, the annexation of which forms the subject of anxious and excited debate. Yet beyond a few running coast surveys and one or two journeys about the lowlands to the south, our geographical knowledge of the island is a blank, while as regards the population, its strength and temper, and the natural resources of the country we are almost wholly ignorant. The one factor wanting in the political discussion which has now set in is an adequate knowledge of New Guinea, its people and its products. It is almost impossible to conceive a case where the Royal Geographical Society (a body enjoying Government aid) could enter on the task of discovery and exploration with more advantage to the causes of science and of politics."

MILITARY NEWS.

CAPTAIN LORD ALWYNE COMPTON, of the Viceroy's staff, will join Sir Frederick Roberts's staff temporarily during the camp of exercise at Bangalore.

MAJOR-GENERAL M. DILLON, it is stated, is to come back to India, in all probability succeeding General Payn at Madras, whose tenure in that divisional command expires next April.

A DETACHMENT of the 4th Goorkhas has been detailed for duty, to meet His Excellency the Viceroy at Jummoo, on the 17th instant.

A CONTEMPORARY is informed that it has been ruled by the Military Department that when officers are under training in the Transport branch of the Commissariat, they are to continue to draw the staff allowances of their regimental appointments, provided no extra expense is incurred by the grant of staff allowance to the officers doing the duty of the absentees.

THE military authorities have proposed, a Poona paper states, that the Bombay Volunteer Rifles should take part in the Poona camp of exercise, to be held between the 2nd and 10th January next; and the matter is under the consideration of the Volunteer authorities.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Oct. 8.—The pressure is recovering generally from yesterday's decrease. These oscillations have now been in progress for some time, and the amount of upward being constantly greater than that of downward movement, the tendency is towards a generally higher pressure. Slight depressions are reported to-day, one lying along the north-west shores of the Bay of Bengal, and the second over the Punjab. The winds are exceedingly variable, and very light in force. There is a tendency to north-east still in the wind over Aracan, but elsewhere round the Bay the wind is very irregular. The weather is cloudless in the North-West and fine generally, but rain has fallen all over the south and west of the Peninsula, in Burmah, and in parts of the Central Provinces and Gujerat. Rain to-day :—Thayetmyo, 5 inches; Pachmarhi, Bombay, and Toungboo, ½ inch. Previously :—Ahmednuggur and Wellington had 2 inches; Guti and Toungboo, 1 inch; Surat, Goa, and Moulmein, ½ inch.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Oct.	Colaba. In. cts.	Fort. In. cts.	Esplanade. In. cts.	Byculla In. cts.
Previously regtd..	79 14	83 66	81 0	89 59
8 Monday	0 74	....	....	....
9 Tuesday	.....	0 00	0 00	0 00
Total....	79 88	83 66	81 05	89 59
Corresponding date last year.....	63 06	77 46	74 14	77 9

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort Esplanade, and Byculla are made up to 6 p. m. each day. The return Colaba is up to midnight.

THE FATAL CARRIAGE ACCIDENT.

THE adjourned inquiry into the circumstances connected with the death of Mr. William Hounson, Constructor, Government Dockyard, was resumed yesterday, by Dr. Blain, the Coroner, at the European General Hospital.

G. Figg, an Abyssinian, said he was a driver in the service of Mr. Lafond, who kept a livery stable at Colaba. He had been in his service for the last fourteen or fifteen years. On the 30th ultimo Mr. Finnay was shown the dog-cart and horse in question. Mr. Finnay asked if the horse was good, and witness said yes. Witness took the horse and dog-cart to Mr. Finnay's bungalow at 4-30 p.m., when Mr. Finnay, along with two other gentlemen, got into the dog-cart and drove away. Mr. Finnay drove the dog-cart at an ordinary pace, and went to Mr. Lafond's stable for the lamps. Witness fixed on the lamps, and Mr. Finnay drove away, when, instead of going straight in towards the Fort, the horse turned sharp round and went on the other way. Mr. Finnay then turned it on the road in front of the Post Office, where it turned over and threw all the gentlemen out. Witness did not go near the horse, nor did he touch the bit before the cart fell. His master had owned the horse for about four months. It did not shy. He had driven it about ten times himself. He had heard nothing of the character of the horse before his master bought it. He did not know its age, nor how much his master had paid for it.

J. H. Dellard, a clerk in the service of Messrs. Lafond Brothers, said that in compliance with Mr. Finnay's orders, he had sent the horse and dog-cart to his bungalow on the 30th instant. Witness did not recollect Mr. Finnay asking any questions about the horse. His master bought the horse two or three months ago from a Mr. De Souza, who lived opposite the stables. He believed he had paid Rs. 35 for the horse. It was supposed to be the quietest horse in the stable. He had never heard that it had any bad qualities, or that it was addicted to shying. Witness saw Figg lead the horse a part of the road from the stable by the bit. A few minutes afterwards Figg came into the stable with the cart and horse, and said that the cart had been upset in turning round the corner.

Frederick Clerk Lafond said he was a partner of Messrs. Lafond Brothers. The horse was old, and he had bought it on his master's auction for Rs. 55. He turned out a good horse, and had no vice. He did not shy. He had worked him every day since he had bought him, some three or four months ago. He would be backward in giving a shying horse with a dog-cart.

The jury here went outside to see the horse driven in the compound of the hospital.

Witness, on returning, said that the horse driven in the presence of the jury. It did not get round quick enough because it was in cold blood, and the driver had not a whip to feather it round. The horse always went fired in when would call kicking and shying vices, but not obstinacy or stubbornness. A horse might be spoilt by bad driving. The horse was used in any sent of conveyance. He always asked gentlemen who came to him for self-driving carriages, whether they could drive; and he gave a vehicle only on their assurance that they could do so. He was not on the premises of the stable on Monday, the 30th ultimo. His men, such as the clerk and the muccadum, Figg, had instructions to inquire of gentlemen whether they were accustomed to drive.

Mr. Finnay, recalled, said the belly-band under the shafts of the dog-cart was wanting. He did not notice it until after the cart capsized. The belly-band was a support to the shafts. He attributed the capsizing partially to the absence of the belly-band. He was accustomed to drive every kind of vehicle. He saw the horse back and refuse to turn round just now in the presence of the jury. That was not what he did at the stables when they went there for the lamps. It would not go on towards the Fort.

At this stage the inquest was adjourned until Tuesday, the 16th instant.

THE RAJPUTANA RACES AND STEEPLE-CHASES.

NOVEMBER 6TH, 8TH, 9TH, AND 10TH.

Second entries close as follows :—

THE WOOLCOMBE CUP.

Mr. D. A. Thompson's	g w g Changed Hands.
Mr. G. T. Milner's	b w g Kirby.
H.H. Nawab of Jaora's.....	b a m s Skylark.
Mr. Herculis'	b a m Constance.
Lieut.-Col. Prinsep's	... Rejected.
Mr. Black's.....	b a h Kiswick.

THE RAJPUTANA DERBY.

Major M'Call's	c a h Wanderer.
Major Le Marchant's.....	b a h Viceroy.
H. H. Nawab of Jaora's.....	b a m g Moon.
Do.	g a h Sir Garnet.
Do.	b a g Armistice.
Thakore Sahib of Limri's...	b a h Marshal.

THE MHAIRAWARRA CUP.

Mr. W. A. Thompson's	g w g Changed Hands.
Mr. G. E. Benson's	br w g Comrade.
H. H. Nawab of Jaora's.....	b a m g Skylark.
Mr. Herculis'	b a m Constance.
Lieut.-Col. Prinsep's	... Rejected.
Mr. Black's	b a m h Kiswick.

Third entries close on 1st of November.

For prospectus apply to Honorary Secretary, Nasirabad.

DEESA RACES, 1883.

ENTRANCES FIRST DAY.

THE DERBY (RUN ON OCTOBER 16).

FIRST ENTRIES.

Capt. Charles's	c h a h Berlin.
Do.	b a gal Daventry.
H. H. the Nawab of Radhanpore's	g a h Premier.
Prince Kamalooden Khan's.	c h a g Forager.

SECOND ENTRIES.

Mr. Brackenbury's	b a h Danube.
Mr. Barnett's	c h a g Red Hazard.
H. H. the Thakore Sahib of Limree's	b a h Marshal.

THE TRIAL STAKES.

Capt. Charles's	c h a h Everdon.
Mr. Abud's	b a h Bijou.
Mr. Gore's.....	g a h Talisman.
Dr. Willis's	b a g Simple Simon.

ENTRANCES SECOND DAY.

THE RADHANPORE PURSE.

FIRST ENTRIES.

Capt. Charles's	c h a h Berlin.
Do.	b a g Daventry.
H. H. The Nawab of Radhanpore's	g a h Premier.
Prince Kamalooden Khan's...	c h a geld Forager.
Mr. Gore's	g a h Talisman.

SECOND ENTRIES.

Capt. Charles's.....	c h a h Everdon.
Dr. Willis's	b a g Simple Simon.
H. H. the Thakore Sahib of Limree's	b a h Marshal.
Mr. Abud's	b a g Bijou.

C. E. STACK,
Hony. Secretary, Deesa Races.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use The Mexican Hair Renewer, for it *restores in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour without leaving the disagreeable smell of most Restorers. It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed." Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s. 6d. per Bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Co., Limited, 3, 5, & 7, Farringdon road, London.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Town Council, 2 p.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Meeting of the Bench of Justices, 5 p.m.
Band, 10th Regt. N. I., Apollo-bunder, evening.
Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Preston (s), for Port Said; Ateit Rahamon, Muscat.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Nubia entered, and the s. s. Assam left, the dock yesterday.

MUSIC AT THE APOLLO-BUNDER.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the 10th Regiment N. L. I. at the Apollo-bunder this evening :—

Overture	Fidelio	Beethoven.
Waltz	Schoen Blauen Donau..	Strauss.
Selection	Les Cloches de Corneville..	Planquette.
Valse	Au Revoir	Waldteufel.
Polka	Spare Moments	Middleton.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A NEW JOINT-STOCK COMPANY.—We understand that arrangements have been made for the business and stock-in-trade of Messrs. Barton and Co., of Church-Gate-street, being made over to a joint-stock company.

CARRYING EXCESS PASSENGERS.—Shaik Enoos Sulliman, tindal of a native craft, was yesterday convicted by Mr. C. P. Cooper of carrying a greater number of passengers than his licence permitted. He was fined Rs. 7.

THEFT.—Luximon Bhogunna was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee, upon three separate charges, of stealing brass vessels and *sarrees* of the collective value of Rs. 6-14. He was sentenced to the accumulated term of seven months' rigorous imprisonment.

THE MURDER AND ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Bhugwandeen Roopun was yesterday charged before Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee with the murder of Radha, a woman. On the application of Inspector McDermott, who stated that the prisoner was ill in the Jail Hospital, and that he had to instruct the Public Prosecutor to conduct the case for the prosecution, a remand was granted. The adjourned hearing of the case will take place on the 23rd instant.

ATHLETICS AT COLABA.—In connection with the Royal Artillery, an athletic festival extending over two days will be held at Colaba, commencing on Thursday. The programme is of a varied character, and includes all the features usually found at meetings of the kind. The prizes, while not being very large, are sufficiently handsome to induce keenness in competitions. It is a condition that no third prize will be given unless five start, and no second prize unless there be three starters. The competition will commence at 3-30 p.m. each day. Captain Challenor, the Adjutant of the R.A., has charge of the arrangements.

CARRIAGE ACCIDENT AT POONA.—At about one o'clock on Monday a mail-phaeton drawn by an Australian mare, in which Mr. Abdool Wahed, J. P., and a partner in the firm of Messrs. Ludda Ebrahim and Co., drove to the City Magistrates' Court, Poona, was completely smashed, thereby causing the owner a loss of nearly Rs. 1,000. It appears that the ghorawalla in charge very foolishly removed the blinkers, when the mare got frightened and bolted, smashing four other carriages on the road to the Mamlutdar's Court, where a number of persons, succeeded in arresting the progress of the runaway mare. Mr. H. Knott, Engineer, had a very narrow escape when the accident occurred. Mr. Knott was seated at the back of a hackery tonga when the mare came rushing on him, but the driver took the gharry in time to the right, and thus escaped a serious accident. The mare is severely injured, and, we believe, several people were also hurt.—*Poona Observer*.

A ROW AT POONA.—We are sorry to learn that a row occurred between Mr. Ahmed Khan, the newly elected Health Officer of the City Municipality, and three of the peons attached to the office of the Commissioner C. D. It appears that on the evening of Sunday last, while Doctor Ahmed Khan was driving towards the Sudder Bazaar, he met with the peons in question on the road between the Quarter Guard and the Sacha Pir. He called out to them to clear the road, but the peons, who had indulged somewhat freely in liquor, refused to comply with him obstructively to comply with the requisition made upon them, when Mr. Ahmed Khan used his whip upon one of the obstructives. They, in their turn, attacked Mr. Ahmed Khan, and a regular scuffle ensued, which ended in the Health Officer losing one of his front teeth. A case of being drunk and riotous has been made out against two of the peons, the third not yet having been recognised by the complainant.—*Deccan Herald*.

THE POONA ASSEMBLY ROOMS PROJECT.—His Excellency the Governor, who has all along evinced marked interest in the proposal, presided over a meeting held on Monday evening, in the Council Hall, at half-past 4, to consider its provisions and resolutions, which are as follows :—(1) Moved by Mr. Robertson, and seconded by Mr. Moore : "That in connection with the Gymkhana, the Assembly Rooms to provide suitable accommodation for social amusements and entertainments in Poona are much needed;" (2) Moved by Sir John Ross, and seconded by Brigadier-General Hogg : "That the General is convenience, the Edwarde's Gardens would be the best site for the Assembly Rooms;" (3) Moved by Mr. Crawford : "That the plans and estimates, kindly prepared by Lieut.-Colonel W. Ducat, R. E., and laid on the table, be approved, subject to any modifications that may be found necessary by a Working Committee;" (4) Moved by General Merriman : "That a sum not exceeding one lakh and a half of rupees be raised by the issue of debentures of Rs. 100 each, bearing interest at 6 per cent. per annum;" (5) "That besides the existing Provisional Committee be appointed a Working Committee to carry out the above resolutions, with power to add to their number."

HIGH COURT.—OCTOBER 9.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BIRDWOOD.)

THE ADMINISTRATION SUIT OF THE ASHBURNER FAMILY.

HORMUSJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER *vs.* BOMONJEE CURSETJEE ASHBURNER AND OTHERS.

MR. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Manu and Hormusjee, appeared for the plaintiff; the Hon'ble Mr. Budroodin, instructed by Mr. Wilkin, for two of the defendants, and the Hon'ble Mr. Marriott for others of the defendants, and their mother; Mr. Jardine for Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, creditors; and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, for Mr. Chubildas Lallobhoy, a creditor of the estate.

Mr. Farran applied for confirmation of certain sales by private contract of property belonging to the estate as follows :—The Bhandoop estate to Shereenbai for Rs. 1,50,000; a bungalow on the Esplanade, known as the "Dadi Cottage," to Rustomjee Jamasjee Ashburner, for Rs. 30,000; and two pieces of vacant land at Khetwady to Dadabhoy Cursetjee Ashburner for Rs. 2,500. Mr. Inverarity opposed the application, on the ground that it was a whole-and-corner proceeding, by which the members of the family wanted to keep the properties in their hands and for their own benefit, instead of the benefit of the creditors. It was the duty of the court to see that as much was made of the estate as could be made for the benefit of the creditors, whose interests would suffer if the proposed sales by private contract were confirmed. The learned counsel's client, Mr. Chubildas, offered Rs. 1,60,000 for the Bhandoop estate and Rs. 3,000 for the Khetwady property.

At the suggestion of the court, Shereenbai's offer was raised to-day from Rs. 1,50,000 to Rs. 1,60,000.

Mr. Inverarity still opposed the application, complaining of want of notice of the higher offer made by Shereenbai, and affirming that his client, who was not present in court, would communicate with her, and be willing to raise his own offer to Rs. 1,70,000. This increase in the offers pointed to the duty of the court not to sanction a hole-and-corner sale of the properties, but to give the creditors an opportunity of making higher offers at an auction sale to be held by the Commissioner.

After further discussion, his lordship made an order to the effect that the matter be referred to the Commissioner for a report to be made within three months, with liberty to advertise the sale of the property. The sale of the "Date Grove" property, and of the Khetwady property to Mr. Chubildas for Rs. 3,000, was sanctioned. Costs of all parties to come out of the estate.

Shereenbai was allowed to withdraw her offer for the Bhandoop estate.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice LATHAM.)

DETENTION OF THE S. S. PRESIDENT GARFIELD IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

KESSOWJEE DOSSA AND OTHERS *vs.* JOHN HIGGINS AND OTHERS.

MR. INVERARITY, instructed by Messrs. Prescot and Winter, for the first defendant, the commander of the s.s. President Garfield, applied that the rule *nisi* and interim injunction granted to the plaintiffs be discharged.

Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Smith and Frere, for the plaintiffs, objected to the matter being proceeded with just then.

It appeared that, since the 13th July last, the plaintiffs and their mooney brokers to Messrs. M. Spitere and Company, the other defendants, to whom they advanced large sums of money for the purchase of goods to be shipped to Europe. In the latter end of last month the local banks declined to negotiate any bills of Messrs. Spitere and Company, and the plaintiffs had, therefore, to ship for Dunkirk on board the President Garfield 3,919 bags of wheat and seeds, valued at Rs. 40,000, which had been purchased by them for Messrs. Spitere and Company. The plaintiffs had received "mate's receipts" for the goods; but the first defendant had failed to deliver to them the bills of lading which they were entitled to. Plaintiffs applied for the bills to Messrs. Finlay, Muir and Co., the agents, who declined to deliver them until the sum of Rs. 15,102, for which the master and owners of the vessel claimed a lien on the goods, was endorsed upon the bills, or until a sufficient sum of money was deposited as security. The plaintiffs complained of their inability without the bills to raise money upon the goods in Bombay, or to obtain delivery of the goods at Dunkirk; and they expressed a fear of losing the value of the goods. They therefore asked for an order directing the defendants to deliver to them the bills of lading, or to pay them Rs. 40,000 as the value of the goods, and further, to pay them Rs. 2,000 as damages for non-delivery of the bills of lading.

Mr. Inverarity said that the plaintiffs' action in restraining the vessel from proceeding to sea under the injunction order of the court cost about Rs. 500 per day for demurrage.

After some discussion, the following consent order was passed by his lordship :—Messrs. Finlay, Muir, and Co. giving their personal undertaking to hand over to the plaintiffs clean bills of lading in the plaintiffs' names for the goods mentioned in the mate's receipts, and on plaintiffs handing over to them the mate's receipts, paying Rs. 15,000 into the Bank of Bombay in the joint names of Mr. Prescot and Mr. Smith, and procuring either the consent of the second defendant to such bills of lading being handed over to the plaintiffs, or an order of the court against the second defendant to that effect, the interim injunction to be dissolved. Order made without prejudice to any question in the case; costs of the day to be costs in the Finhey.

(Before the ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE and Mr. Justice FINHEY.)

THE "SINGER" DEFAMATION CASE.

NUSSERWANJEE MERWANJEE PATEL *vs.* H. A. GEYER.

THE hearing of this appeal was continued to-day. It was an appeal by the defendant and appellant, H. Geyer, from a decision of Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, inflicting upon him a fine of Rs. 500 for defaming the prosecutor and respondent, the Bombay agent of the Singer Manufacturing Company. Mr. Lang and Mr. Anderson, instructed by Messrs. Prescot and Winter, appeared for the appellant; and the Hon'ble Mr. Marriott and Mr. Framjahai M. Mehta, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Gilbert, appeared in support of the conviction and sentence.

Mr. Marriott, in resuming his argument, read the evidence recorded before the magistrate, and submitted that the decision of the magistrate must be confirmed, inasmuch as the advertisement complained of was clearly defamatory and was aimed against the respondent.

Mr. Anderson, in reply, remarked that, in the words of the Chief Justice, the advertisements inserted by both parties were nothing more than "drag-nets." The respondents had no right to say that theirs was the only true "Singer."

The Chief Justice, in disposing of this appeal, said he was clearly of opinion that the advertisement complained of referred to the prosecutor, the agent of the

Unions are so constantly on their guard that they refuse to see when the occasion for a reduction really arises. It is to be feared, therefore, that the industry will be convulsed by disputes if it is found necessary to insist on reductions.

We trust, however, that the necessity may be avoided; that employers and employed will have good sense and good feeling enough to come to such a compromise as will avoid a strike that would disarrange the industry and cause unspeakable suffering to helpless women and children. Not impossibly the employers may be enabled to do this by a fall in the price of the raw material. It seems clear that the price of the raw material is artificially kept up at present. As we have already said, last year's American crop was the largest ever grown, and this year's is expected to be at least as large. At the same time, owing to the general depression in trade, the consumption is certainly falling off. There ought to be, therefore, a greater decline in the price of the raw material than has yet taken place. It has been sustained up to the present by the activity in the spinning trade; but of late the demand for the raw material has greatly fallen off. During the past fourteen weeks the deliveries to the trade from Liverpool have averaged only 50,700 bales per week, against 58,920 bales during the same period of last year. The consumption of the raw material, then, is seriously decreasing, and with the decrease it may be expected that there will be a fall in price. But a fall in the price of the raw material, accompanied by a great decline in the consumption of yarn by manufacturers, would inevitably lead to a fall in the price of yarn also. The position of the manufacturer might thereby be greatly improved without material lowering of wages. On the other hand, it is not to be lost sight of that the drought in the North-West of India should become severe, there would be a still greater falling-off in the demand for cotton in India, which would adversely affect the position of the manufacturer, and might force him to insist upon a considerable reduction of wages. The outbreak of war between France and China would likewise very injuriously affect the industry. A blockade of the treaty ports, for example, would close China to the British merchant. The prospect, therefore, is by no means bright. It is to be hoped that manufacturers and workpeople will not make it gloomier by exaggerated pretensions.—*Saturday Review.*

A MEMOIR OF SIR FREDERICK ROBERTS.*

THE task which Mr. Low has undertaken is one for which no apology is needed. To write of a public man during his lifetime is an enterprise, however, of no little difficulty. Sir Frederick Roberts himself is still in the prime of life, and a veteran rather by the number and brilliancy of his achievements than by length of service. A true soldier, of a type which is beginning to reckon by years obscured, Sir Frederick Roberts owes all his success in life to sterling worth of character and to that capacity for untiring work which is the surest attribute of greatness, and to a certain simplicity of daring which may be said to be the distinctive trait of his genius. Of him it most certainly cannot be said that he owes any part of his advancement to arts outside honest soldership: that he has sought preferment by bending to the humour of the times, the exigencies of Ministers, or the opinions of parties and politicians.

Mr. Low's memoir, though by no means adequate to its subject—and, indeed, not a little prosy and commonplace—seems to have been compiled from authentic sources, and may be accepted as a trustworthy record of the military life and services of the hero of the Afghan war. Born in 1832, the son of an old soldier who himself took a distinguished part in the Afghan campaign of 1840, Frederick Roberts was launched very early upon his military career and had the good fortune to be trained in precisely the school which was best calculated to develop his genius. The Quartermaster-General's department of the Indian Army affords, perhaps, the best education possible for a general who has to lead a mixed body of Englishmen and natives in a foreign campaign. Indeed, it may be said that in quartermastership lies three parts of modern generalship. In 1856 young Roberts obtained his first staff appointment, as Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General of the Peshawur Division; and it was while engaged in the performance of the duties of this office that he acquired his first knowledge of frontier warfare and of the wild border tribes with whom he had afterwards so much to do. At the outbreak of the Mutiny Lieutenant Roberts was appointed on the staff of Brigadier Chamberlain, who was in command of the Moveable Column despatched by Sir John Lawrence to Delhi. Upon Chamberlain's transfer to the Delhi army he was succeeded by Nicolson, the greatest of all the good soldiers, according to the unanimous testimony of his contemporaries, whom that stirring time brought forth—a man well fitted to kindle the instinct of heroism in all who served under him. In the deeds of the famous Moveable Column Roberts took his share until his appointment to the Quartermaster-General's department with the main army before Delhi. His good service during the siege early attracted the attention of his superiors. Afterwards he acted on the staff of Hope Grant and Sir Colin Campbell during the operations in the Doab and in Oude, the storm of the mess-house at Lucknow [illegible] most critical of the minor operations of the war, distinguished himself [illegible] charge of the Quartermaster-General's department to Captain Garnet Wolseley, his junior by one year in age, though his senior in rank. In June, 1859, he was once more on the scene of his duties, being reappointed, for the first time permanently, to his old department, and having won from Lord Clyde in a confidential letter the character of "a particularly gentlemanlike, intelligent, and agreeable young officer." The next year, having obtained his regimental captaincy, Roberts was promoted to a brevet majorship. In 1863 broke out the Umbeyla war, in which Roberts took a part. After four years of peaceful employment he was called upon to serve, still in his old department, in the Abyssinian campaign, being selected to take charge of the port of embarkation at Zoolla. In this arduous and thankless office Major Roberts once more won great credit; much of the success of the operations against Theodore being due to his admirable administration. As a token of his General's estimation of his services, Major Roberts was selected by Sir Robert Napier to carry home the despatches to the War Office, and received promotion to the army rank of lieutenant-colonel. Roberts's next service was the organization of the force which was despatched in November, 1871, against the Looshais on the Sylhet frontier; the operations of which he personally directed as senior staff officer under Colonel Bourchier. In 1875 he rose to the head of the department, which gave him the rank of major-general. Two years afterwards, on Lord Lytton's arrival in India, the new Viceroy selected him out of many Candidates for the post of Commandant of the Punjaub Frontier Force—a special branch of the Bengal army, under the direct control of the Governor-General. Although public opinion in India warmly endorsed Lord Lytton's selection—Roberts being, by long frontier experience as well [illegible] brilliancy of his services, admirably qualified this appointment—it is instructive to recall [illegible] that the high military authorities, both at [illegible] and in India, were disposed to find fault with [illegible] vernor-General for his choice. How [illegible] s preference was justified and his foresight [illegible] ed the story of the Afghan war has told us. [illegible] ents of that campaign have been too often [illegible] recently described to need repetition. Upon [illegible] ali's insolent rejection of the British [illegible] s of peace, three columns were formed [illegible] invasion of Afghanistan and the [illegible] ent of its ruler, of which General [illegible] was appointed to take command of the [illegible] tined to operate in the Kurrum Valley. So [illegible] tes to General Roberts's share in this and [illegible] sequent campaigns—and that is all with [illegible] faithful memoir-writer is concerned. [illegible] enough, we are sorry to see, in spite of [illegible] disclaimers of political feeling, for Mr C. R. Low—nothing could be more admirable than the manner in which he handled his troops in the three most difficult and dangerous enterprises with which he was entrusted: first, the march into the Kurrum Valley and the capture [illegible] at the Peiwar Kotal; second, the advance across the Shutargardan to Cabul, with the Battles of Charasiab and Sequad Sherpur; third, the [illegible] ade march from Cabul to Kandahar and the [illegible] annihilation of the victorious army of Ayoob. [illegible] in the opinion of General Roberts himself, as we have reason to know, the second is the one [illegible] achievement which was the most arduous [illegible] the most glorious to a British arms, though it has received less credit with superficial critics. The march from Cabul to Kandahar has extorted the admiration even of German strategists, and declared to be equal to any exploit of the British army since the Battle of Waterloo. But surely the advance upon Cabul, the holding of winter from the Shutargardan, [illegible] Sherpur, in the teeth of an army [illegible] at not less than 100,000 men and [illegible] every man of whom was ready [illegible] the small British force to [illegible] ploit which has never been d[illegible] the time the Shutargarda[illegible] Roberts's army was cut [illegible] tion with India and depot [illegible] element in strategy, [illegible] army had to be fed a[illegible] resources, with small ho[illegible] tion. The grave consequ[illegible] the disaster into which General [illegible] involved the army proved how [illegible] calculations on which the general ha[illegible] hopes of success. Nothing but the [illegible] energy, the untiring patience, the coolness [illegible] danger, and the fertility of resource displayed [illegible] General Roberts at that critical time prevented the army at Cabul from undergoing another such catastrophe as that of which those same cantonments at Sherpur had been the theatre, eight-and-thirty years before, under General Elphinstone.

Of Mr. Low's account of this and other exploits of his hero it must be said that while he is painstaking and generally accurate, having taken the trouble to verify his statements from official sources, and having been helped in the revision of the work by Sir Frederick Roberts himself, his narrative is tedious, his reflections trite, and his political commentary far from impartial. Although careful to assure us that he has nothing to do with politics, Mr. Low does in fact mingle political disquisition with what professes to be a personal memoir. Nor is he happy in the arguments by which, while extolling Sir Frederick Roberts's conduct of the war, he endeavours to demonstrate its impolicy. This is hardly the place to revive the controversy as to whether the Afghan war was justifiable. Certainly, if we adopt Mr. Low's way of measuring the justice or injustice of a war, by balancing the immediate results with the cost in pounds ster[illegible] very few wars would be justifiable—not [illegible] Egyptian war. Before taking leave of Mr. [illegible] must protest against his irritating prop[illegible] garnish his narrative with scraps of h[illegible] quotation from the poets. At every turn we are reminded of what Byron as[illegible] "Corsair," or what the author of "The [illegible] Hope" sweetly observes. These extra[illegible] much to do with General Roberts; and [illegible] effect is that of spoiling the temper [illegible] readers.—*St. James's Gazette.*

** Sir Frederick Roberts, Bart., G.C.B., [illegible] By C. R. Low, London: (W. H. Allen and [illegible]

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON AND COMPANY.

SALE OF BICANARY WOOL, COTTON AND GUNNY BARDAN.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 10th October, 1883, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at the Musjid-bunder in the warehouse of Mooltanee Savutmull Savuldass (near Musjid-bunder G. I. P. Railway station) by order of Messrs. Hajee Ismail Jaitha & Son, and on account and risk of Messrs. Noonan Brothers, the following, viz:—

21 boras Bicanary's wool.
1 lot of cotton.
1 „ of gunny bardan.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.

Bombay, 10th October, 1883.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF SURPLUS AND UNSERVICEABLE MARINE STORES, &c.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. MENESSE and Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction in the P. & O. Company's Dockyard, Mazagon, a quantity of surplus and unserviceable marine stores, &c., consisting of wines, provisions, crockery and glassware, lamps, carpets, curtains, mats, whatnots, settees, crew's utensils, water closets, new and used blocks, ropes, new and old wire hawser, old canvas, leather hose and boat accoutrements, wheels, compasses, warm clothing, brass, copper and [illegible] articles, Keeman's boiler cement, old metals, coal [illegible] empty drums, scrap iron, boiler tubes, ship's dock [illegible] and sundry other marine stores.

On FRIDAY, the 12th instant, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will hold their usual weekly Auction Sale at their rooms, of a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, viz:—

5 bales grey dhoties of various borders.
2 „ grey shirtings.
2 „ twist.
2 bales blankets.
1 case cashmere cloth.
11 cases colored prints.
11 tins Swiss cheese.

MENESSE & CO.

Bombay, 10th October, 1883.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY.
7, MARINE-STREET, BOMBAY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 10th instant, sale commencing at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Victoria-road, Byculla, close to Sassoon's Silk Mill, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, plated, glass and crockeryware, a handsome light English-built mail-phaeton, a powerful bay Arab horse, handsome flower-vases, table ornaments, table and hanging lamps, Brussels carpets, garden plants, &c., the property of a gentleman who has left Bombay: the same comprises star cut glassware, handsome dinner and coffee services, plated cruet and pickle stands, sauce frame, tea and coffee service, spoons and forks, butter cooler, dish covers, oval waiter, reading lamp, table cutlery, blackwood and teakwood furniture, such as dining, drawing-room, pier, side, writing, dressing and washhand tables, drawing-room, easy, low, folding, and without arm chairs, sideboard, whatnot, conversation and reclining couches, side table with marble top, chiffoniers, double screens, teapoys, writing table with book case, hat and umbrella stand, blackwood bedstead, wardrobe, clothes press, chest-of-drawers, dressing and cheval glasses, cap-board, light chairs, iron marble top, teapoys, Brussels carpets, handsome flower vases, table ornaments, 1 and 3 light hanging argand lamps, clock, garden plants, &c., &c.

AT 2 P. M.

1 handsome English-built mail phaeton.
1 powerful bay Arab horse and a set of single harness.
The property is on view.

SALE OF SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS TEAK SQUARES.

On SATURDAY next, the 13th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Tank Bunder, by order of Mr. Bhugwandass Bhagla,—

150 superior first class teak squares, in small lots to suit purchasers.

SALE OF IRON.

On FRIDAY next, the 12th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Carnac Bunder, on account of the concerned.

Ex Agra.

2,494 bars an 200 bundles Staffordshire iron, in lots to suit purchasers.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed by Messrs. Morton, Maju & Co., to sell by Public Auction at their premises in Church-gate-street, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 13th instant, at 2 p. m., in order to make room for their new consignment.

A quantity of tea in bulk and packets, as also some articles of furniture such as counter, show cases with glass frames, table chairs, presses, &c.

SALE OF SUPERIOR TEAK SCANTLINGS.

On TUESDAY next, the 16th inst. at 4 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at tank bunder, by order of Mr. Bhugwandas Bhagla.

100 tons superior teak scantlings of various sizes in small lots to suit purchasers.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 10th October, 1883.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

PERRIER JOUET AND CO.'S B brand CHAMPAGNE as supplied to the Byculla Club, Bombay Club, Royal Bombay Yacht Club, and the Club of Western India.

Reserve Cuvee .....qts. Rs. 54; pints Rs. 30

Apply Godown-keeper.

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY:
CUTLER, PALMER & CO.

PRICE LIST OF WINES, &c., FOR SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE.

	Per doz quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Champagne, R & R.....	Rs. 24 0	..
Ruinard, Fils & Co.'s Carte Blanche. „	33 0	..
Heidsick's Dry Monopole ..... „	..	60 0

From Messrs. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN, AYEN CHAMPAGNE.

Carte Blanche, dry	Rs. 32 0	Rs. 34 0
Cabinet India, very dry	„ 37 0	„ 39 0
Goldiack, extra.....	„ ..	„ 44 0

MOSELLE.

From Messrs. FUCHS & RIESEL, LEIPZIG.

Josephshoefer (still).....	„ 24 0	...

STILL HOCKS.

From G. M. PABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer.....	Rs. 16 0	Rs. 19 0
Deidesheimer	„ 17 0	„ 20 0
Geisenheimer	„ 18 0	„ 21 0
Leibfraumilch	„ 22 0	„ 25 0
Hochheimer Berg.....	„ 26 0	„ 29 0
Rudesheimer	„ 26 0	„ 29 0
Marcobrunner.....	„ ..	„ 33 0
Queen Victoria Berg	36 0	—

From OTTO PRUMM, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 17 0
Moselblümchen	„ 16 0	„ 19 0
Niersteiner.....	„ ..	„ 19 0
Hochheimer	„ ..	„ 23 0
Braunebergor	„ 20 0	„ ..
Liebfraumilch	„ 20 0	„ 25 0
Berncastler-Rosenberg	„ 23 0	„ 26 0
Rudesheimer.....	„ 28 0	„ 31 0
Josephshoefer	„ 29 0	„ 32 0
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	„ 33 0	„ 36 0
Steinberger.....	„ 33 0	„ 36 0
Scharzhofberger	„ 41 0	„ 44 0
Johannisberger	„ 42 0	„ 45 0

FRENCH WHITE WINES.

From A. DUPUILE, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauternes	Rs. 19 0	..
Latour Blanche.....	„ 20 0	..

From Messrs. MUNZER & SPANN, BORDEAUX.

Haut Sauternes	„ 22 0	„ 25 0

ITALIAN WINES.

From Messrs. RIZZETTI & RAY, TURIN.

Barbera	Rs. 16 0	..
Vin Girgialino Secco.....	„ 18 0	..
Barolo	„ 18 0	..
Nebiolo.....	„ 18 0	..
Moscatto Wine	„ 20 0	..
Vin Pinot Bianco	„ 22 0	..

CLARETS.

From H. & C. BALARESQUE, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 14 0	Rs. 16 0
Lee Canons	„ 17 0	„ 19 0
Chateau Leoville	„ 20 0	..
Chateau Lafitte	„ 24 0	..

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Chateau La Begoree	„ 24 0	..

From Messrs. MUNZER & SPANN, BORDEAUX.

Medoc	Rs. 11 0	Rs. 13 0
St. Estephe	„ 13 0	„ 15 0
Haut Canou	„ 14 0	„ 17 0
Margaux.....	„ 17 0	„ 19 0
Chateau Larose	„ ..	„ 28 0

From Messrs. BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Estephe	Rs. 13 0	..
St. Julien	„ 28 0	..

BRANDY.

F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy.....	Rs. 22 0	—
Cognac, Fine Champagne, Red Bars M. & Spann	„ 25 0	—
Do. Gold Bars M. & Spann	„ 30 0	..
Adr. Mesnard & Co.'s *** Cognac ...	„ 32 0	..
Chas. Lervoire's finest Cognac *** Very Old.....	„ 34 0	—

WHISKY.

Bon Accord	Rs. 22 0	..
Breadalbane Highland Whisky.....	„ 22 0	..
Castle Blend Whisky	„ 22 0	..
Do. do.	„ 25 0	..

BEER.

	Per doz. pints.	Per doz. Impl. pints.
.....Rs.	6 8	Rs. 4 4
..... „	6 0	„ 5 0
rbier (Bremen)..... „	..	„ 4 0
e Ale ..... „	5 0	„ ..
„	4 8	..
„	6 0	„ 4 0
ons' Ale..... „	4 8	„ 3 0
		Per doz.
Light Bitter Beer ..... „	5 0	„ 4 8

SUNDRIES.

		Per doz. pints.
h Vermouth .....Rs	18 0	..
do. (Superior) ... „	20 0	..
Italian Oil, very large bottles... „	14 0	..
Do. do. small do. Flutes. „	8 0	..
Do. do. Pints		..
	'Bottles.	'Tins.
Condensed Milk .....per doz. Rs.	5 8	Rs. 6 0

PRESERVED MEATS, SAUSAGES, VEGETABLES, &c.

	Rs. a.	Nett Cash.
Swedish Butter.....per 1 lb. tin	1 0	
Danish Butter, finest .....per ½ lb. tin	0 10	
Danish Butter, finest.....per 1 lb. tin	1 8	
Hams, Danish, finest, smoked, from 8 to 12 lbs.....per lb.	0 10	
Stangenspargel, Asparagus (large tins)... per tin.	2 8	
Do. do. (small „)	1 8	
Truffel Leberwurst (Truffled Liver Sausages).....	0 13	
Do. do. do.	0 13	
Mettwurst (cooked meat Sausages)	1 6	
Do. do. do.	0 12	
Cervelatwurst (Brain Sausages)	1 6	
do. do.	0 12	
Saucisses (Small Sausages).....	0 8	
[illegible]	0 14	
[illegible]	0 10	
[illegible]	0 9	
Tongue Pate).....	0 9	
n (Veal Pate)	1 6	
nison Pate).....	1 6	
	1 3	

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Agents carry a discount of 5 per cent.

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October, 1883.

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[illegible] conditions, constipation, piles, dyspepsia, [illegible] by "Wells' May Apple Pills" As. 4. [illegible] 10, boxes at druggists. A. B. S. Madon & [illegible] General Agents for India.

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A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY.
BY
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Price Re. 1; postage half annas.

A. H. CREET & CO.,
[illegible]AL MERCHANTS, CAWNPORE.

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Price List free on application.

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THE LANODE, SUNSAL AND SULAH (LATE SNOWVIEW) GARDENS ARE NOW UNDER OUR DIRECTION.

WE have the SOLE DISPOSAL in Bombay of these marks, which speak for themselves, the "SUNSAL" especially being already well known and approved in Bombay. The Teas are put up in 1 lb. and 5 lb. packets at the Factory only, none whatever being sent out in bulk.

RETAIL PRICES:

Orange Pekoe	Rs. 1 8 0
Imperial Mixture	„ 1 4 0
Pekoe Souchong	„ 1 0 0

Orders over 50 lbs. on reduced scales.

LANODE & SUNSAL TEA CO., PALUNPORE.
SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY:
ROGERS & CO., BYCULLA & FORT.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.

Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.

UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.

IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital Antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE-BITES.

AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS, NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM, has no equal

AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,

Or any sort of Bowel Complaint, it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
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